Experiencing field learning in social care setting (inclusion people with disability)

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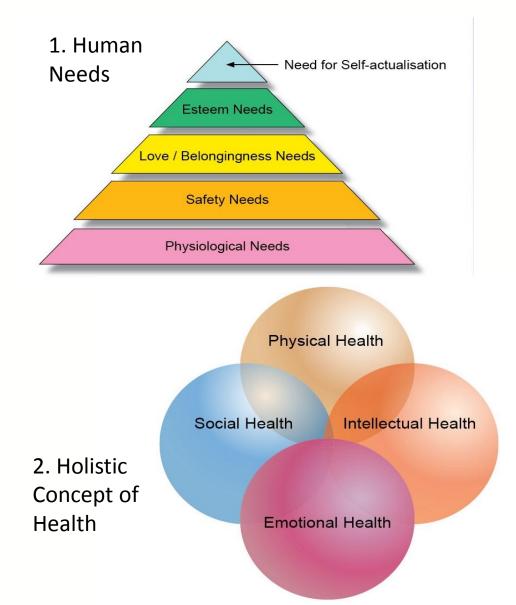
15.1.2016

Briefing

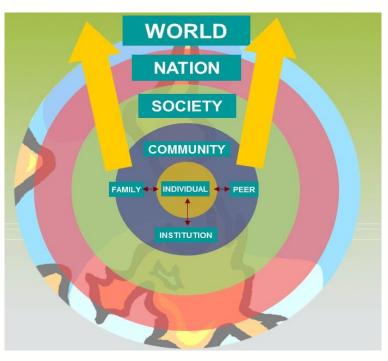
(Handbook 2, Appendix 1)

- Objectives of Field Learning
 - Application of previous knowledge
 - Self-regulated learning target setting and use of handbook
 - Experiential Learning
- Implementation of Field Learning

(1) Application of previous knowledge



Difficulties at different levels (e.g. social support, employment)



Difficulties – 7 Caring Community / 15B Discrimination

(2) Self-regulated learning – target setting and use of handbook

Name of Stud	ent:	(Class:	Class no	o.:
Name of Ager	icy:				
Address of Ag	ency:				
Date and Time:		(YYYY)	(MM)		(DD)
	a.m. / p.m.	(hh)	(mm) to	(hh)	(mm)
Theme of Field Learning:					
Related Area /	′ Topic :				

6. Field Notes

Observation:

Possible Field Learning Themes

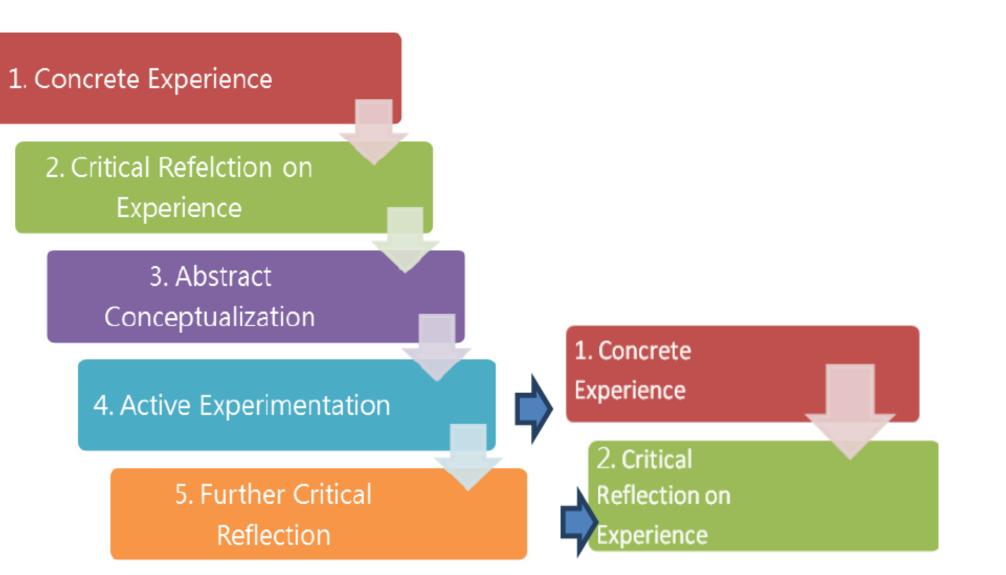
- Social inclusion
- Discrimination
- Assets-building for People with Disability
- Communication Skills
- Social Enterprise

Related Topics / Areas

- 15B Discrimination
- 7 Caring Community
- 14 Social Care in Action
- 11 Social Welfare System
- 12 Medical and Social Care Professions

(3) Experiential Learning

Figure 1.1 Experiential Learning Cycle



Experiencing the Field Learning



基督教家庭服務中心 Christian Family Service Centre Carol Lai Senior Service Manager

Integrated Vocational Rehabilitation Service Opportunities and Inclusion for People with Disabilities Christian Family Service Centre

15.1.2016

10:00-10:10	Briefing
10:10-10:30	Principles of service design for people with disability
10:30-11:45	Experiential learning: Inclusion program in social care setting
11:45-12:00	Tea break with task
12:00-12:30	Reflective reflection
12:30-13:00	Feedback from service provider and Q & A

Introducing the Services (1)

Social Services

- Rehabilitation Services
- People with Disabilities

Vocational Rehabilitation Service

- Sheltered Workshop
- Supported Employment
- Sunnyway On the Job Training Program

Social Enterprise



Student Handbook

II. Service Delivery (Refer to Topic 5B - Health and social care services and agencies)

Types of services	Health services: General Practices, hospital, dental services, chiropody, physiotherapy, occupational therapy, community health services, dietetic advice Social services: residential care, day care and home care, community services, counseling Other modes of services: mutual aid groups, support groups on Internet, hotlines, others: :
Purposes of	Preventive (primary care, education)
service	Intervention/curative treatment
	Emergencies (first aid, medical care)
	Rehabilitation (shelter workshops, drug addicts, gamblers, mental
	illness)
	Others :
Forms of	Integrated service / specialised service/centre-based service /
service	outreach service/ home-help service / residential services
delivery	Others :
Service items	
Target groups	
and the	
characteristics	
of clients	

Abstract Conceptualisation

- Safety and Supportive Environment

7. Observation Checklist in Field Learning

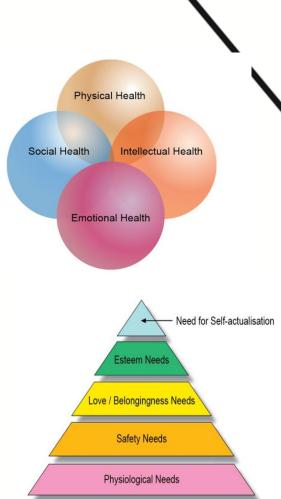
I. Environment (*Refer to Booklet 9.5 B. Hazards to health)

Action	s take to ensure health and safety in the service unit	Marks (1-3)	Good practice / Areas for Improvement
Safety			
M	Lamps, fans / visual equipment hanging on the wall are		
e cha	fixed in a secured manner		
Mechanical	Service users will not contact with the parts of machinery		
<u>a</u>	and equipment with potential dangers		
	All the tools and equipment are placed neatly and		
	orderly		
	Safety instructions, rules and signs are displayed clearly.		
5	Enough space is provided for the activities of service		
viro	users		
Environmental	Floor is flat, without cracks and pitting		
enta	Facilities to cater the needs of the disabled, such as		
≝	handrails, non-slippery surface of floor		
	Adequate lighting		
	Passageways are unobstructed		
	Emergency exits are unobstructed with adequate		
	lighting and signs		
	Escape routes are clearly shown		
ç	Chemicals are properly stored and managed		
Chemica	First aid kit is well-equipped and put in the proper		
<u>a</u>	position		
	Flammable items are properly stored and managed.		
	Fire equipment is adequate and accessible		
Enviro	nmental Hygiene and Disease Prevention		

Abstract Conceptualisation – Understanding the Clients

People with Disabilities

- ① Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder
- ② Autism
- ③ Hearing Impairment
- ④ Intellectual Disability
- ⑤ Mental Illness
- [©] Physical Disability
- ⑦ Specific Learning Difficulties
- Speech Impairment
- ⑨ Visceral Disability
- Wisual Impairment



Abstract Conceptualisation

– Non-verbal Communication

	New years and a local state.	
C.	Non-verbal Communication	
13.	Use tone, pace, eye contact and posture that show care and concern	
14.	Maintain appropriate proximity to participants	
15.	Orient body toward speaker	
16.	Nod head to exhibit listening and/or understanding	
17. Keep smiling		
 Pay attention to participants' non-verbal language and respond to the message behind (e.g. invite a rest, when appropriate, if participant(s) shows any sign of tiredness) 		
19.	Avoid distracting actions	
20.	Make no negative signs during communication (e.g. disagreement, disappointment, not interested)	

Prepare for Interview with Focuses

Service Unit	Observation	Interview	Service / Activity				
New Immigrant	Topics : Vulnerable groups, Caring community Examples of relevant concepts: equality, discrimination, cultural 						
Service Centre		differences, community resources, self-concept, vulnerable groups, community work, community support network, different forms of					
	care, empowerment,	holistic health, social welf	are system.				
	Environment: safety	□ Environment: safety					
	measures	Problems	can be provided				
	□ Characteristics of	□ Needs	through:				
	client groups	Views on services	After-school care				
	□ Atmosphere of the	Experience of using	programmes				
	centre	the services	Neighbourhood				
	Services provided	Physical, intellectual,	scheme				
	□ Job duties of various	emotional and social					
	workers in the unit	aspects of health	Sit in / Be an				
		(PIES)	observer in:				
		□ Relevant questions	Workshop on				
		to explore other	parenting skills				
		concepts	□ Home safety				
		*Professionals	measures				
		Duties / division of					
		work					
	objectives,						
		approaches and					
		skills					
		□ Work related					
		training					
		programmes /					
		pathways					
		Difficulties related to					
		the jobs					

Student Handbook

III. Professionals in the service unit (Refer to 5A - Professionals in health and social

_				
hospitals, cli	hospitals, clinics, health centres, care homes, laboratories, service			
centres :				
No.	Tasks			
	centres :			

- * Health services: doctors, nurses, dentists, physiotherapists, occupational therapist, dietitians, healthcare assistants etc.
- * Social services: social workers, welfare workers, counselors etc.

	Agree	Disagree	Not
			Applicable
Adequate manpower			
Friendly and supportive			
Able to meet the needs of the clients			
Other opinions :			

Reflect Based on Handbook

9. Communication Skills in Discussion / Interview

- A. Open Up Discussion/ Interview
- Prepare the clients greet in warm and friendly manner and introduce the members to clients politely
- Explain and/or negotiate the agenda of the discussion / interview, taking the feeling and expectations of clients into consideration
- B. Process Gather Information
- Ask about the life event, circumstances, other people that might relate to a specified topic to help elicit clients' beliefs, concerns, and expectations
- 4. Assess and understand clients' problem and desire for more information
- 5. Ask questions that extend what is being narrated or told
- 6. Ask for clarification whenever appropriate and necessary
- 7. Encourages others to engage into communication (applied to group discussion)
- C. Process Share Information
- 8. Give timely response to the questions of the clients
- 9. Show understanding of the clients' views on specified topics

 Clarify details as necessary - exhibit prior preparation to facilitate the communication (e.g. shows understanding of the services that participants are receiving)

- 11. Give appropriate suggestions based on the information (e.g. healthy lifestyle)
- D. Closure / conclusion
- 12. Ask if participants have questions, concerns or other issues
- Summarize the overall communication and give opportunities to correct or add information
- 14. Clarify follow-up or contact arrangements, if available
- 15. Acknowledge participants and close communication

Active Experiment and Concrete Experience

- 4 groups
- Each group:
 - 1 instructor (A-Soulroom teammate)
 - 1 teacher (with task)

others: students

• Enjoy a leather-product making class

Active Experiment and Concrete Experience

- 4 groups
- Teacher (with task) and students and instructors
- Enjoy free conversation with instructors
- Report back

- 1. your most impressed?
- 2. your feeling?
- 3. your new discovery?
- 4. any changes you suggested?
- 5. your contribution?

Why Social Inclusion

It's human right, not charity (*Respect to all)* Build social capital and goodwill in the community (Assets building)

Encourage workforce participation (Redress discrimination)

Equality in society





What can you do for Social Inclusion



Society:

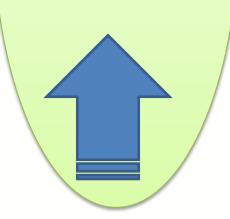
- is aware of PWDs as part of the society
- has a positive attitude towards PWDs
- is accessible for everyone
- views all members as having equal value

Persons with disabilities have/are:

- quality of life
- the right of self-determination
- Independent
- valuable role

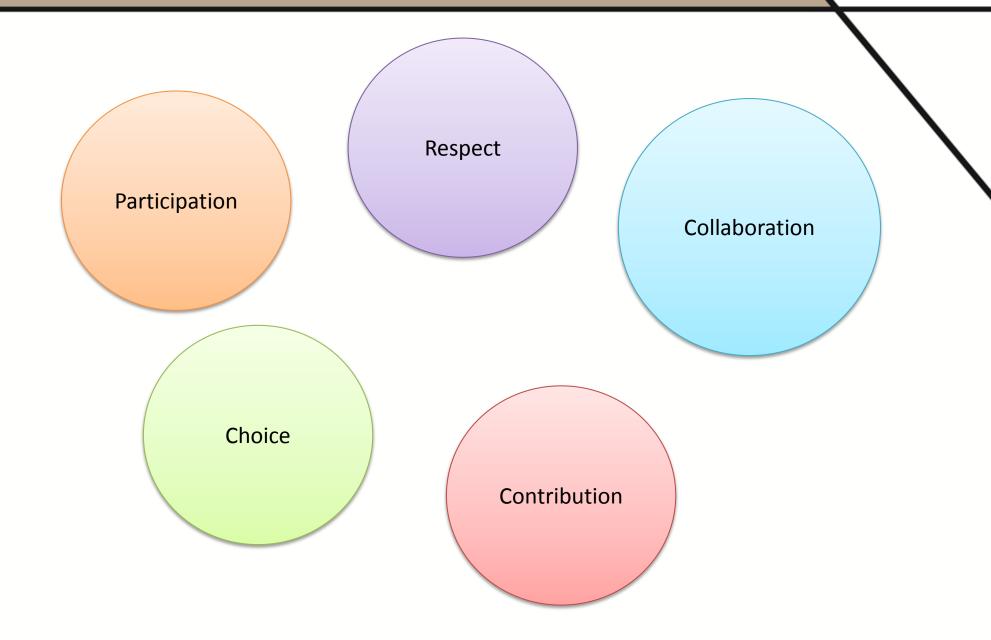
EMPOWERMENT

BARRIERS



Model of Inclusion (Oliver, 1990)

Core Values in Inclusion



Impact from Collaboration

Student	Teacher / School	CFSC	

Evaluation and Feedback

12. Student Feedback on Field Learning

 To facilitate communication between students, teachers and the agency, a student can use this form to express his / her concern and comments on field learning tasks for effective learning and teaching.

Name of Student: _____ Class: ____ Date: _____

Please use 1 - 7 to indicate your level of satisfaction :

	Satisfactory Unsatisfactor			ory			
Field learning helps me apply knowledge learnt in classroom	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Field learning facilitates my personal growth	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
The agency which offered field learning has provided adequate learning opportunities to me to.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
The observation checklist, fieldnotes and reflective journal facilitate my learning.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

1. I appreciate the following areas in field learning:

2. My suggestions for field learning: (please suggest measures to be taken)

Debriefing

