

目 錄

<u>節數</u>	<u>頁數</u>
一. 背景	6
二. 小一入學統籌辦法	6
自行分配學位階段	8
統一派位階段	8
三. 小一入學委員會	10
四. 小一入學統籌辦法的操作過程	10
宣傳及聯絡工作	10
參加辦法	10
學校自行分配學位	12
統一派位	12
學位分配統計 – 包括學校自行分配學位及統一分配學位	16
未能及時參加統一派位或因遷居而需要轉校網的申請兒童	16
五. 小一入學統籌辦法的其他工作	16
私立／直接資助計劃小學學生	16
需接受特殊教育評估的申請兒童	18
六. 總結	18

CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
I. Background	7
II. Brief Description of the Primary One Admission System	7
Discretionary Places Admission Stage	9
Central Allocation Stage	9
III. The Primary One Admission Committee	11
IV. Operational Aspects of the System	11
Publicity and Liaison	11
Participation	11
Allocation of Discretionary Places	13
Central Allocation	13
Summary of Allocation - Discretionary Places and Centrally Allocated Places	17
Late Participants and Applicant Children Applied for Transfer of School Nets due to Removal	17
V. Other Aspects of the System	17
Private / Direct Subsidy Scheme Primary School Pupils	17
Applicant Children Referred for Special Education Assessment	19
VI. Conclusion	19

<u>附錄</u>	<u>頁數</u>
一. (甲) 二〇一七年度小一學校網分界圖	20
(乙) 二〇一七年度小一學校網概覽表	22
二. 自行分配學位的計分辦法準則	27
三. 二〇一七年度小一入學統籌辦法行事曆	28
四. 二〇一七年度小一入學學校分派自行分配學位情況	29
五. 二〇一七年度小一入學各學校網學童派位結果概況	30
六. 二〇〇八年度至二〇一七年度小一入學學位分配概況	32

<u>Appendices</u>	<u>Page</u>
I. (a) Demarcation of School Nets for Primary One Admission 2017	20
(b) List of POA School Nets for Primary One Admission 2017	22
II. Points System Applicable to the Allocation of Discretionary Places	27
III. Calendar for Primary One Admission 2017	28
IV. Allocation of Discretionary Places in Schools for Primary One Admission 2017	29
V. Summary of Allocation Results (by Net) for Primary One Admission 2017	30
VI. Summary of Allocation Results for Primary One Admission 2008 — 2017	32

二〇一七年度

小一入學報告書

第一節：背景

1. 一九八〇年四月發表的「小學教育及學前服務綠皮書」討論多項教育問題，其中一項檢討進入較受歡迎小學的激烈競爭對幼童帶來的壓力，以及對幼稚園教育所造成的不良影響。政府隨後於一九八一年七月發表的「小學教育及學前服務白皮書」宣布實施一項管制辦法，以統籌小一入學事宜。「小一入學統籌辦法」於一九八二／八三學年開始實施，以配合兒童於一九八三年九月入學。

2. 前教育署於一九八九年檢討小一入學統籌辦法，並修訂其「計分辦法準則」。教育委員會於一九九七年對小一入學統籌辦法進行檢討後，建議維持該機制不變。其後，政府根據教育統籌委員會的建議，在二〇〇二／〇三至二〇〇四／〇五學年實施新的小一入學統籌辦法。在二〇〇四年七月，政府經諮詢教育統籌委員會及聽取有關界別對小一入學機制未來方向的意見後，決定在二〇〇五／〇六學年及以後，繼續採用現行的小一入學機制。

第二節：小一入學統籌辦法

3. 小一入學統籌辦法統一管理本港所有官立及資助小學收錄小一學生事宜，惟並不包括各私立小學、直接資助計劃小學及英基學校協會屬下小學。

4. 小一入學統籌辦法基本上以學校網為本位，根據廣義的地理區域及官立與資助小學的分布情況，將全港劃分為三十多個小一學校網。若與中學學位分配辦法的學校網比較，小一入學統籌辦法的學校網面積較小，目的是為免幼童往返學校時路程過於遙遠。各小一學校網的地域及其編號見附錄一。

5. 小一入學統籌辦法分為「自行分配學位」及「統一派位」兩個階段。每所小學可將其全部小一學額的大約50%作為自行分配學位之用，餘下50%的學額則由教育局統一分配。

REPORT ON PRIMARY ONE ADMISSION 2017

SECTION I: BACKGROUND

1. The Green Paper on Primary Education and Pre-primary Services published in April 1980 considered, among many other things, the pressures imposed on young children by the intense competition to enter popular primary schools and the adverse effect this had on education at the kindergarten level. Subsequently, the Government announced a system of control of admission to Primary One in the White Paper on Primary Education and Pre-primary Services published in July 1981. The Primary One Admission (POA) System was first introduced during the 1982/83 school year, leading to school entry in September 1983.

2. In 1989, the former Education Department reviewed the POA System and revised the “Points System”. The System was reviewed again in 1997 by the Board of Education which recommended that the System should remain unchanged. From the 2002/03 to 2004/05 school years, a new POA mechanism has been implemented as recommended by the Education Commission. In July 2004, after consulting the Education Commission on the way forward for the POA mechanism and sharing views on the issue with some key stakeholders, the Government decided that the current POA mechanism should continue to be adopted from the 2005/06 school year onwards.

SECTION II: BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PRIMARY ONE ADMISSION SYSTEM

3. The POA System is designed to control the admission to Primary One in all government and aided primary schools in Hong Kong. Private primary schools, Direct Subsidy Scheme (DSS) primary schools and primary schools of the English Schools Foundation are not included.

4. The POA System is primarily net-based. In accordance with the broad geographical areas and distribution of government and aided primary schools, some 30 POA school nets have been drawn up. Compared with the school nets of the Secondary School Places Allocation System, the POA school nets are smaller so that young children do not have to travel unreasonably long distances to attend schools. The various POA school nets and their distribution are shown at Appendix I.

5. The POA System is divided into two stages: the Discretionary Places Admission stage and the Central Allocation stage. Each primary school will earmark about 50% of its total number of Primary One places as discretionary places. The remaining 50% of places are centrally allocated by the Education Bureau (EDB).

自行分配學位階段

6. 學校自行分配學位分為兩類，並且是不受學校網限制的：

(甲) 供有兄／姊在該小學就讀或父／母在該小學就職的申請兒童的學位

學校必須取錄有兄／姊在該小學就讀或父／母在該小學就職的申請兒童。此類學位約佔學校小一學額的30%。若這類申請兒童數目少於學校小一學額的30%，餘下學額可由學校根據「計分辦法準則」自行分配。若這類申請兒童數目多於學校小一學額的30%，不足之數將會以原本預留作統一派位的學額填補。

(乙) 根據「計分辦法準則」分配的學位

學校須根據「計分辦法準則」處理有關的申請（計分辦法詳情載於附錄二）。此類學位佔學校小一學額不少於20%。若有申請兒童在「計分辦法準則」下獲得相同分數，而申請兒童數目亦超過學校剩餘的自行分配學位的學額，學校可自行抽籤或交由教育局以隨機方式甄選申請兒童。

統一派位階段

7. 未獲自行分配學位的申請兒童，將會參加統一派位。每所官立或資助小學須預留該校小一學額大約50%以供統一派位。統一派位分為甲、乙兩部分。甲部佔統一派位學額的10%，為不受學校網限制的學校選擇，家長可選擇不超過三所位於任何學校網的小學；乙部佔統一派位學額其餘的90%，居於有關校網的申請兒童的家長須選擇載列於其住址所屬小一學校網的統一派位選校名單內的小學；而居於內地的申請兒童的家長則須選擇載列於《統一派位選校名單（居於內地申請兒童）》內的小學。統一派位基本上是根據家長選擇及申請兒童的「隨機編號」以電腦系統分派學位。

8. 有關二〇一七年度小一入學統籌辦法的行事曆見附錄三。

Discretionary Places Admission Stage

6. Application for discretionary places is not subject to any restrictions on school nets. There are two categories of discretionary places admission:

- (a) Applicant children with sibling(s) studying or parent(s) working in the school

A school must admit all applicant children with sibling(s) studying or parent(s) working in the school. This category of discretionary places will take up about 30% of a school's Primary One places. If the number of applicant children is less than 30% of a school's Primary One places, the remaining places will be allocated by the school according to the Points System. If such applications exceed 30% of its Primary One places, the shortfall will be made up by the places reserved for the central allocation.

- (b) Selection of applicant children according to the Points System

Each primary school will allocate not less than 20% of its Primary One places to applicant children according to the Points System (Details of the Points System are at Appendix II). If there are applicant children with equal scores under the Points System and the number of applicant children exceeds that of the remaining discretionary places, applicant children should be selected by 'randomization'. Schools may draw lots on their own or refer the applications to EDB for central processing.

Central Allocation Stage

7. Applicant children who have not been offered a discretionary place will participate in the central allocation. Each government or aided primary school will earmark about 50% of its Primary One places for the central allocation. Central allocation is composed of two parts. Part A, which takes up 10 per cent of the Primary One places earmarked for central allocation, is for unrestricted school choices. Parents can choose up to three primary schools from any school nets. Part B takes up the remaining 90 per cent of the Primary One places earmarked for central allocation. Parents of applicant children residing in the school net concerned are to select schools from the "Choice of Schools List for Central Allocation" of the school net of their home address, while parents of applicant children residing in the Mainland are to select schools from the 'Choice of Schools List for Central Allocation (For Applicant Children Residing in the Mainland)'. The central allocation is computer-programmed and based primarily on parental choices and applicant children's random numbers.

8. The calendar of Primary One Admission 2017 at Appendix III shows the schedule for the major POA operations.

第三節：小一入學委員會

9. 小一入學委員會負責就小一入學統籌辦法的實施向教育局局長提供意見；研究學校及各界人士提出的建議；並根據實際經驗對小一入學統籌辦法進行檢討，務求完善。

10. 小一入學委員會主席是從八名來自不同教育團體的委員中選舉出來。教育局局長則從教育統籌委員會及策劃分部內委任兩名人員擔任副主席及秘書，而其他委員包括教育局不同分部及有關政府部門的代表。

11. 過往一年中，委員會繼續對小一入學統籌辦法的順利施行作出貢獻。除不時討論有關原則性的問題，使小一入學統籌辦法更臻完善外，委員會更就各項工作程序作出考慮及提出建議。委員會曾就二〇一八年度小一學校網的劃分作出檢討，經詳細考慮各校網內的學校數目、學位供求、交通情況等因素後，認為現時的小一校網暫毋須調整，並決定二〇一八年度小一入學的學校網劃分，維持不變。

第四節：小一入學統籌辦法的操作過程

宣傳及聯絡工作

12. 就有關小一入學統籌辦法的各事項，學位分配組人員經常與各參與學校、幼稚園、家長、社團及市民維持緊密的聯絡。教育局代表於二〇一六年八月至九月期間，出席多場講座及研討會，向學校及家長介紹小一入學機制。此外，教育局亦向家長派發小一入學的資料單張及光碟，以供家長參閱。

13. 二〇一六年九月至二〇一七年六月期間，教育局於不同階段發出新聞稿，並透過電台、電視台的宣傳、教育局二十四小時自動電話查詢系統及網頁向家長及市民解釋小一入學統籌辦法的各項主要程序。

參加辦法

14. 所有於二〇一七年九月一日年滿五歲零八個月（即在二〇一一年十二月三十一日或以前出生者）而尚未就讀小一，及從未曾獲派小一學位的本港兒童，均可參加二〇一七年九月入學的小一入學統籌辦法。由二〇一四年度開始，合資格參加小一入學統籌辦法的申請兒童若居於內地，在統一派位的修訂安排下，毋須選擇某一校網作為「小一學校網」以進行所屬學校網限制的學校選擇。教育局會為有關申請兒童另行編製「統一派位選校名單」，目的是紓緩近年跨境學童對北區學位造成緊張的情況。名單內的學校座落於鄰近出入境管制站的地區／校網以及其他也有跨境學童就讀的地區。

SECTION III: THE PRIMARY ONE ADMISSION COMMITTEE

9. The POA Committee is set up to advise the Secretary for Education on the implementation of the POA System, to consider comments and suggestions received from schools and the public, and to keep the POA System under constant review in the light of experience.

10. The POA Committee has its Chairman elected from among its eight members drawn from various educational bodies. The Vice-Chairman and the Secretary are appointed by the Secretary for Education from the Education Commission and Planning Division of EDB. Other members include representatives from various divisions of EDB and relevant Government Departments.

11. In the last allocation cycle, the Committee continued to contribute towards the smooth operation of the POA System. Apart from discussing from time to time broad principles to enhance the operation of the System, members also considered, deliberated and advised on various operational aspects. Members also reviewed the demarcation of school nets for the 2018 allocation cycle thoroughly. Taking into consideration factors like the number of schools, supply and demand of school places and transport situation in individual school nets, the POA Committee considered that there was no need to adjust school nets for the POA 2018 cycle and decided that the demarcation of the school nets would remain unchanged in the POA 2018 allocation cycle.

SECTION IV: OPERATIONAL ASPECTS OF THE SYSTEM

Publicity and Liaison

12. Close liaison is maintained at all times with participating schools, kindergartens, parents, interested bodies and the general public on matters relating to the POA System. From August to September 2016, staff from EDB participated in a number of seminars for schools and parents on the POA System. Besides, information leaflets and DVDs on the POA System were also issued to parents for reference.

13. Throughout the period from September 2016 to June 2017, at various stages, parents and the public were informed of the procedures to follow in respect of each major operation of the POA System via press releases, announcements on radio and television, the 24-hour automatic telephone enquiry system and the homepage of EDB.

Participation

14. All Hong Kong children reaching the age of 5 years 8 months by 1 September 2017 (i.e. all those born on or before 31 December 2011), except those who had been attending a primary school or had been allocated a Primary One place previously, were eligible for participation in the POA System for school entry in September 2017. Starting from POA 2014, applicant children residing in the Mainland who are eligible to participate in the POA System do not need to choose any school net as their POA School Net when choosing schools for Restricted School Choices under the revised arrangements for central allocation. EDB would compile a separate “Choice of Schools List for Central Allocation” for the applicant children concerned in order to alleviate the shortfall of school places in the North District arising from cross-boundary students in recent years. The schools in the List are in districts / school nets close to the boundary control points and in other districts having cross-boundary students.

15. 由二〇一六年九月五日至三十日期間，小一入學申請表格經各幼稚園及幼稚園暨幼兒中心分發予欲申請小一的兒童。未有在幼稚園或幼稚園暨幼兒中心就讀的兒童，其家長可向各區民政事務處、教育局各區域教育服務處或學位分配組索取申請表格。

16. 所有向學校申請自行分配學位者，須於二〇一六年九月二十六日至三十日期間，將申請表直接交回擬申請的小學。只申請統一派位者，則須將申請表交回教育局學位分配組。

學校自行分配學位

17. 本年度在「自行分配學位」階段的454所小學中，有352所學校盡用其自行分配學額（上、下午校作為兩所學校計算）。有關學校分派自行分配學位的情況見附錄四。

18. 於二〇一六年十一月，教育局將未足齡兒童的名單、正在小學就讀而同時申請自行分配學位的兒童名單，及曾向一所以上的官立或資助小學申請的兒童名單送交各有關小學。首兩類兒童的申請即予取消，至於曾向多於一所官立或資助小學申請的兒童，其自行分配學位的申請則會作廢，但他們仍可於稍後獲得教育局統一派位。

19. 所有官立及資助小學於二〇一六年十一月二十一日公布自行分配學位取錄名單。獲取錄的申請兒童，須於同年十一月二十三日至二十四日期間到學校辦理入學註冊手續。若於規定的註冊日期後出現空缺，則校方可於同月二十五日根據候補名單收錄備取生。

20. 截至二〇一六年十一月底，獲官立或資助學校取錄而辦妥入學註冊手續的兒童共23 906人。

統一派位

21. 當所有官立及資助小學俱已呈交接受自行分配學位兒童的名單後，學位分配組即開始計算每個學校網所需的小一學額，以及各小學經自行分配學位後的全部空缺，以便統一派位。

22. 在二〇一七年度小一入學，有十個學校網因小一學額不足而需向鄰近仍有剩餘學額的學校網借調學位。學位分配組收集有關資料後，印製各學校網的統一派位選校名單，分發給家長。由二〇〇三年度開始，每所學校在統一派位階段的暫定小一學額亦列印在統一派位的選校名單上，供家長參考。

15. Application forms for admission to Primary One were issued from 5 to 30 September 2016. Prospective Primary One pupils attending kindergartens or kindergarten-cum-child care centres could obtain the forms from the schools they were attending. Forms were also made available at District Offices, the School Places Allocation Section and the Regional Education Offices of EDB.

16. Children applying for discretionary places returned their application forms direct to the schools applied for from 26 to 30 September 2016. For children applying for central allocation only, the application forms were returned to the School Places Allocation Section of EDB.

Allocation of Discretionary Places

17. Out of a total of 454 schools at the Discretionary Places Admission stage, 352 schools fully utilized their discretionary places quota (A.M. and P.M. sessions were counted as two separate schools). Appendix IV illustrates how the schools filled their discretionary places.

18. In November 2016, EDB provided schools with information on the names of underaged children, children found to be attending a primary school already, and children who had applied to more than one government or aided school. Children in the first two categories were then deleted from the POA System. For children applying to more than one government or aided school, their applications for discretionary place were rendered null and void, but these children were still eligible for central allocation at a later stage.

19. Results of the allocation of discretionary places were released by all government and aided primary schools on 21 November 2016. Registration of successful applicant children was carried out on 23 and 24 November 2016. Vacancies, if any, arising from children failing to turn up for registration were filled by applicant children on the waiting list on 25 November 2016.

20. As in late November 2016, a total of 23 906 children accepted discretionary places in government or aided schools.

Central Allocation

21. After all the participating schools had submitted a full list of the children registered for the discretionary places, the School Places Allocation Section would assess the number of Primary One places required for central allocation in each school net, and the number of places available from each school after the allocation of discretionary places.

22. In the POA 2017 Cycle, there was a shortage of Primary One places in ten school nets and they had to borrow Primary One places from schools in adjacent nets with surplus of places. After the School Places Allocation Section had collected the relevant information, school lists were then printed and distributed to parents for reference in making their choices of schools during the Central Allocation stage. Starting from the POA 2003 Cycle, information on the tentative number of school places available in each school for central allocation was provided on the school list.

23. 學位分配組於二〇一七年一月致函所有曾經為子女申請學校自行分配學位而未獲取錄，或只為子女申請統一派位的家長，通知他們於指定日期內前往指定的統一派位中心為其子女辦理選校手續。

24. 為方便家長起見，本年度教育局選擇了42所位置適中的小學作為統一派位中心，派發及收回選校表格。統一派位中心開放日期為二〇一七年二月十一日及十二日。

25. 每所小學可開辦的實際小一班級數目，是根據學校課室數目、班級結構和家長選校意願等因素而定的。教育局根據學校在自行分配學位階段已取錄的學童數目，以及透過電腦分析家長在統一派位階段選校時的實際選擇，計算出每間小學將獲派的學生人數，作為決定各學校實際開辦小一班數的依據，並於二〇一七年三月下旬正式通知各小學二〇一七／二〇一八學年獲政府資助的小一班級數目。

26. 統一派位的實際工作由電腦系統進行。電腦程序首先會處理甲部的學校選擇，然後處理乙部的學校選擇。派位過程基本上是以家長的選擇為依歸，並按申請兒童的「隨機編號」決定分配學位的優先次序，務求公允。

27. 本年度共有32 235名兒童於統一派位階段獲派學位。統一派位結果於二〇一七年六月三日公布。家長須返回指定的統一派位中心領取註冊證，並於六月六日或七日到獲派的小學辦理入學註冊手續。家長如因私人理由未能在指定日期內辦理註冊手續，可直接與學校聯絡安排於稍後時間辦理。

28. 由二〇一七年七月三日開始，凡因家長未按指定日期為其子女辦理入學註冊手續而出現的小一學位空缺，各小學校長可自行取錄學生填補。惟於九月一日以前，學校若取錄從未參加小一入學統籌辦法的兒童，則其家長必須先往學位分配組辦理小一入學申請手續；而九月一日起，學校可自行取錄該等學生，或轉介他們到教育局各區域教育服務處，以便安排小一學位。

23. Letters were sent in January 2017 to parents of all children requiring central allocation, including applicant children who had not been successful in securing a discretionary place and those who had only applied for central allocation, to inform them of the location of the designated Central Allocation Centre and the period during which they should make choices of schools for their children.

24. For the convenience of parents, Central Allocation Centres were set up for the distribution and collection of “Choice of Schools Forms” at conveniently located primary schools in most of the school nets. There were a total of 42 Central Allocation Centres operating on 11 and 12 February 2017.

25. The number of actual Primary One classes that a school may operate depends on a number of factors, including the number of classrooms available, the class structure and parental choices. Based on the number of children already admitted by a school during the Discretionary Places Admission stage and the result of the computer analysis of the actual choices made by parents during the Central Allocation stage, EDB worked out the total number of children to be allocated to each primary school which formed the basis for deciding the number of Primary One classes that a school would operate. Schools were informed of the number of subsidized Primary One classes for the 2017/18 school year in late March 2017.

26. The whole process of central allocation is computer-programmed. The computer programme first processed the school choices in Part A and then the school choices in Part B. The allocation was primarily based on parental choices and the “Random Numbers” generated by the computer programme for individual applicant children to ensure fairness.

27. In this cycle, a total of 32 235 children were allocated school places at the Central Allocation stage. Results of the central allocation were released on 3 June 2017. Parents were advised to return to the designated Central Allocation Centre to collect the registration forms and register their children with the school allocated on 6 or 7 June 2017. Parents, who could not register their children during the specified period for personal reasons, could contact the school direct to make alternative arrangements.

28. Starting from 3 July 2017, vacancies arising from children failing to register within the specified period could be filled at the discretion of the school heads concerned. However, for late participants who had not joined the POA System, their applications should be referred to the School Places Allocation Section for processing before 1 September 2017. As from 1 September 2017, schools might offer places to such applicant children direct or refer them to the respective Regional Education Offices for school placement.

學位分配統計 – 包括學校自行分配學位及統一分配學位

29. 本年度共有 55 880 名兒童參加小一入學統籌辦法而獲分配學位，其中 23 645 人（42.3%）最終獲自行分配學位及 32 235 人（57.7%）透過統一派位獲分配學位。（二〇一七年度小一入學各學校網學童派位結果概況及二〇〇八年度至二〇一七年度小一入學學位分配概況見附錄五。）

未能及時參加統一派位或因遷居而需要轉校網的申請兒童

30. 由統一派位截止日期至二〇一七年八月三十一日期間，共有 1 205 名未能及時參加統一派位的兒童申請小一學位。學位分配組人員已協助該等兒童盡可能於其居所附近仍有空缺的小學就讀。於同期間，共有 223 名申請兒童基於遷居理由而在新居住地區的校網獲安排小一學位。

第五節：小一入學統籌辦法的其他工作

私立／直接資助計劃小學學生

31. 由二〇〇三年度開始，凡已接受直接資助計劃小學小一學位的兒童，均不能透過小一入學統籌辦法獲派官立或資助小一學位。

32. 為免浪費小一學位，教育局籲請所有私立小學呈交已取錄於下一學年入讀小一的兒童名單。隨後，教育局致函各獲得私立小學取錄的兒童的家長，要求他們明確表示是否仍然希望其子女獲得一個官立或資助學校學位。

33. 教育局隨後將已獲私立小學取錄而仍繼續參加小一入學統籌辦法的兒童名單，在統一派位結果公布前，送交有關的私立小學參考，使各私立小學對新學年小一學生人數能作更準確的估計。

34. 本年度共有 3 010 名申請兒童於接受直接資助計劃或私立小學小一學位後，退出小一入學統籌辦法或未有參加統一派位。

Summary of Allocation - Discretionary Places and Centrally Allocated Places

29. A total of 55 880 children were allocated school places through the POA System. Among them, 23 645 (42.3%) children were finally offered discretionary places and 32 235 (57.7%) were allocated school places through the central allocation. (The summary of allocation results (by net) for Primary One Admission 2017 and the summary of allocation results for Primary One Admission 2008-2017 are at Appendix V.)

Late Participants and Applicant Children Applied for Transfer of School Nets due to Removal

30. During the period between the cut-off date of central allocation and 31 August 2017, a total of 1 205 children had applied to the School Places Allocation Section for a Primary One place as late participants. They were given assistance in obtaining a place in nearby schools where vacancies existed. In the same period, a total of 223 applicant children had been allocated school places in the new school nets due to removal.

SECTION V: OTHER ASPECTS OF THE SYSTEM

Private / Direct Subsidy Scheme Primary School Pupils

31. Starting from the POA 2003 Cycle, children who have accepted the offer of Primary One places in Direct Subsidy Scheme primary schools will not be allocated Primary One places in government or aided primary schools through the POA System.

32. To avoid wastage of Primary One places, private primary schools were requested to submit to EDB a list of the children to whom they had offered a Primary One place for the next school year. A letter was sent by EDB to the parents of the children who had accepted the offer of school places in private primary schools, requesting them to confirm whether they still wanted their child to be allocated a government or an aided school place.

33. Before the release of central allocation results, private primary schools concerned were informed of the names of those children who had accepted their offer of admission and at the same time opted to remain in the POA System. This was to enable private primary schools to have a more accurate estimate of their Primary One enrolment in the new school year.

34. In this POA cycle, a total of 3 010 applicant children who have accepted the offer of school places from Direct Subsidy Scheme or private primary schools indicated that they would withdraw from the POA System or did not take part in the central allocation.

需接受特殊教育評估的申請兒童

35. 家長／監護人若認為申請兒童或有特殊教育需要，可於「小一人學申請表」上填報。教育局人員會根據家長／監護人所填寫的特殊教育類別，向有關部門索取申請兒童的資料，以便審視其學習需要，讓學校提供適切的支援。如有需要，教育局會向家長／監護人商議合適的教育服務。申請兒童仍會按照既定程序獲派官立／資助學校的小一學位，若申請兒童適宜入讀特殊學校，視乎專業人士的評估及建議和得到家長／監護人的同意，本局會另行轉介申請兒童至特殊學校。

36. 本年度共有1 557名申請兒童的家長／監護人要求此項服務，其中1名獲轉介入讀特殊學校，1 510名獲派普通學校，餘下的46名退出參加小一人學統籌辦法。

第六節：總結

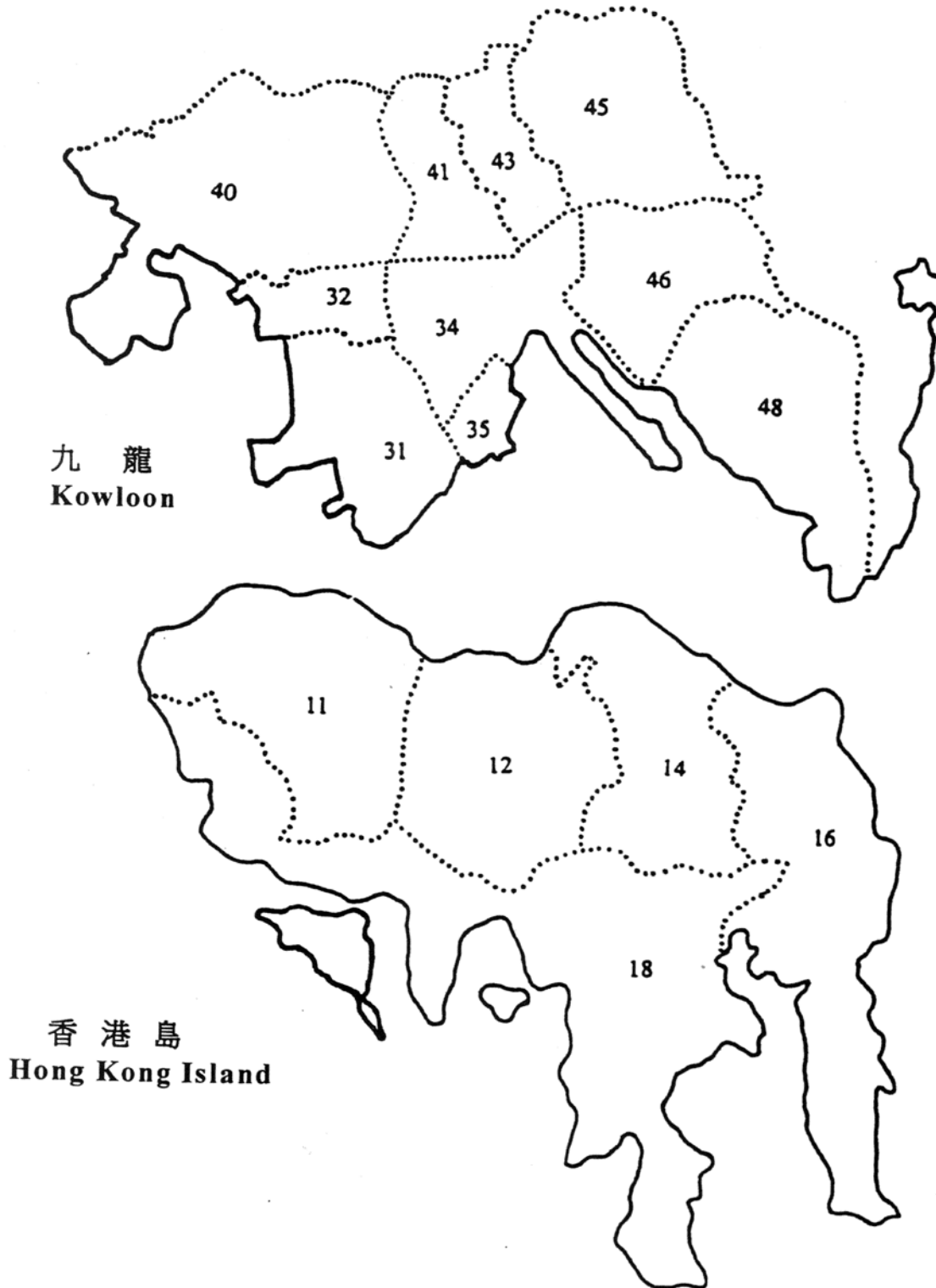
37. 在小一人學委員會、各學校、家長及有關方面的通力合作下，二〇一七年度的小一學位分配工作得以順利完成。對小一人學委員會及各界人士所提的意見，教育局定必秉承一貫的宗旨，慎予研究及考慮，務求能使該項統籌辦法於不斷檢討下，日臻完善。

教育局

學位分配組

二〇一七年十二月

二〇一七年度小一學校網分界圖(港島及九龍)
Demarcation of School Nets for Primary One Admission 2017
(Hong Kong Island & Kowloon)



二〇一七年度小一學校網概覽表
List of POA School Nets for Primary One Admission 2017

小一學校網編號
POA School Net No.

範圍
Areas Covered

新界及離島

New Territories and Islands

- 73 元朗西 (元朗主渠以西、教育路以南、大棠路以西)、橫洲、吳屋村、鳳池村、禮修村、馬田村、深涌村、龍田村、山下村、朗屏邨、水蕉新村、紅棗田村、白沙村、大棠村、楊家村、木橋頭村、黃泥墩、水邊圍邨、栢麗豪園、藝典居、御豪山莊、朗庭園、翠韻華庭、華翠豪園、御景園、御庭居、振華花園 (二、三期)、定福花園、水田村、銀田花園、麗昌花園、東頭圍新村、福慶村、忠心圍、東頭圍、林屋村、西頭圍、楊屋村、欖口圍村、欖口村、水邊村、大井圍、大井盛屋村、原築、翹翠峰、逸林首府、朗景台、怡豐花園、振興新村、漆柏
Yuen Long West (West of Yuen Long Nullah, South of Kau Yuk Road, West of Tai Tong Road), Wang Chau, Ng Uk Tsuen, Fung Chi Village, Fraser Village, Martin Tsuen, Shum Chung Tsuen, Lung Tin Tsuen, Shan Ha Tsuen, Long Ping Estate, Shui Tsiu San Tsuen, Hung Cho Tin Tsuen, Pak Sha Tsuen, Tai Tong Tsuen, Yeung Ka Tsuen, Muk Kiu Tau Tsuen, Wong Nai Tun, Shui Pin Wai Estate, Parkside Villa, Villa Art Deco, Park Royale, Villa by the Park, Greenery Place, Covent Garden, Scenic Gardens, Springdale Villas, Chun Wah Villas (Phase II, III), Ting Fook Villas, Shui Tin Tsuen, Silver Field Garden, Pretticoins Garden, Tung Tau Wai San Tsuen, Fuk Hing Tsuen, Chung Sam Wai, Tung Tau Wai, Lam Uk Tsuen, Sai Tau Wai, Yeung Uk Tsuen, Lam Hau Wai Tsuen, Lam Hau Tsuen, Shui Pin Tsuen, Tai Tseng Wai, Tai Tseng Shing Uk Tsuen, La Grove, Emerald Green, One Hyde Park, Crystal Park, Yee Fung Garden, Chun Hing San Tsuen, Park Signature
- 74 元朗東 (元朗主渠以東、教育路以北、大棠路以東)、元朗市中心 (東部)、元朗舊墟、坳頭、錦田、落馬洲、米埔、八鄉、新田、十八鄉、石崗、大旗嶺、崇正新村、山背、東成里、鈞樂新村、上下攸田、田寮村、港頭村、水蕉老圍、瓦窰頭、塘頭埔村、南坑、南坑排、楊屋村、石塘村、新元朗中心、朗晴居、鳳庭苑、采葉庭、蝶翠峰、新時代廣場、西邊圍、南邊圍、高埔村、長春新村、北圍村、吉慶圍、泰康圍、錦田新村、金錢圍、水流田、大江埔、七星崗、攸潭美、大生圍、逢吉鄉、沙埔、錦綉花園、加州花園、加州豪園、洲頭、南生圍、麒麟村、鹿尾村、安龍村、蕃田村、新龍村、葡萄園、翠巒、新時代中城、六本木、葡萄薈、尚豪庭、尚悅、譽 88、爾巒、世宙、映御、朗屏 8 號、朗善邨、朗晴邨、峻巒
Yuen Long East (East of Yuen Long Nullah, North of Kau Yuk Road, East of Tai Tong Road), Yuen Long Town Centre (East), Yuen Long Kau Hui, Au Tau, Kam Tin, Lok Ma Chau, Mai Po, Pat Heung, San Tin, Shap Pat Heung, Shek Kong, Tai Kei Leng, Shung Ching San Tsuen, Shan Pui, Tung Shing Lei, Kwan Lok Sun Chuen, Sheung Ha Yau Tin, Tin Liu Tsuen, Kong Tau Tsuen, Shui Tsiu Lo Wai, Nga Yiu Tau, Tong Tau Po Tsuen, Nam Hang, Nam Hang Pai, Yeung Uk Tsuen, Shek Tong Tsuen, Sun Yuen Long Centre, Grand Del Sol, Fung Ting Court, The Parcville, Sereno Verde, YoHo Town, Sai Pin Wai, Nam Pin Wai, Ko Po Tsuen, Cheung Chun San Tsuen, Pak Wai Tsuen, Kat Hing Wai, Tai Hong Wai, Kam Tin San Tsuen, Kam Tsin Wai, Shui Lau Tin, Tai Kong Po, Tsat Sing Kong, Yau Tam Mei, Tai Sang Wai, Fung Kat Heung, Sha Po, Fairview Park, Palm Springs, Royal Palm, Chau Tau, Nam Sang Wai, Ki Lun Tsuen, Luk Mei Tsuen, On Lung Tsuen, Fan Tin Tsuen, San Lung Tsuen, The Vineyard, Green Crest, Yoho Midtown, The Scenicwoods, La Grande Vineyard, One Regent Place, The Reach, Residence 88, Riva, Yuccie Square, Twin Regency, The Spectra, Long Sin Estate, Long Ching Estate, Park Yoho Venezia
- 80 上水、石湖墟、馬草壟、掃管埔、打石湖、華山、彩園邨、旭蒲苑、彩蒲苑、天平邨、翠麗花園、太平邨、龍豐花園、順欣花園、上水中心、維也納花園、上水警察已婚宿舍、威尼斯花園、奕翠園、歐意花園、新都廣場、安盛苑、清河邨、皇府山、御皇庭、天巒、御林皇府、祥龍圍邨
Sheung Shui, Shek Wu Market, Ma Tso Lung, So Kwun Po, Ta Shek Wu, Wah Shan, Choi Yuen Estate, Yuk Po Court, Choi Po Court, Tin Ping Estate, Tsui Lai Garden, Tai Ping Estate, Lung Fung Garden, Sunningdale Garden, Sheung Shui Centre, Vienna Garden, Sheung Shui Police Married Quarters, Venice Garden, Woodland Crest, Europa Garden, Metropolis Plaza, On Shing Court, Ching Ho Estate, Noble Hill, Royal Green, Valais, Royal Oaks, Cheung Lung Wai Estate
- 81 粉嶺、聯和墟、鹿頸、打鼓嶺、和合石、萊洞、蓮麻坑、萬屋邊、塘坑、馬尾下、麻雀嶺、禾坑、丹竹坑、祥華邨、孔嶺、華明邨、粉嶺中心、欣翠花園、欣盛苑、碧湖花園、蔚翠花園、粉嶺名都、海裕苑、榮福中心、榮輝中心、嘉盛苑、嘉福邨、景盛苑、海聯廣場、華慧園、翠形苑、花都廣場、華心邨、靈山村、昌盛苑、雍盛苑、牽晴閣、綠悠軒、萬豪居、帝庭軒
Fanling, Luen Wo Market, Luk Keng, Ta Ku Ling, Wo Hop Shek, Loi Tung, Lin Ma Hang, Man Uk Pin, Tong Hang, Ma Mei Ha, Ma Tseuk Leng, Wo Hang, Tan Chuk Hang, Cheung Wah Estate, Hung Leng, Wah Ming Estate, Fanling Centre, Cheerful Park, Yan Shing Court, Avon Park, Greenpark Villa, Fanling Town Centre, Eden Garden, Wing Fuk Centre, Wing Fai Centre, Ka Shing Court, Ka Fuk Estate, King Shing Court, Union Plaza, Glamour Garden, Camellia Court, Flora Plaza, Wah Sum Estate, Ling Shan Village, Cheong Shing Court, Yung Shing Court, Dawning Views, Belair Monte, Belair Villa, Regentville
- 83 沙頭角、鴨洲、吉澳、西流江、烏蛟騰
Sha Tau Kok, Ap Chau, Kat O, Sai Lau Kong, Wu Kau Tang
- 84 大埔、大埔頭、大埔尾、洋涌、錦山、九龍坑、林村、舊墟、三門仔、大美督、大埔墟、樟樹灘、大窩、南華莆、水圍、大元邨、富善邨、明雅苑、新興花園、康樂園、大埔中心、太和邨、寶雅苑、海寶花園、富亨邨、頌雅苑、汀雅苑、太湖花園、大埔花園、怡雅苑、帝欣苑、樂賢居、圍頭村、錦石新村、宏福苑、廣福邨、新達廣場、運頭塘邨、逸雅苑、景雅苑、德雅苑、富雅花園、寶湖花園、新峰花園、翡翠花園、大埔寶馬山花園、悠然山莊、天賦海灣、逸龍灣
Tai Po, Tai Po Tau, Tai Po Mei, Pun Chung, Kam Shan, Kau Lung Hang, Lam Tsuen, Old Market, Sam Mun Tsai, Tai Mei Tuk, Tai Po Market, Cheung Shu Tan, Tai Wo, Nam Wa Po, Shui Wai, Tai Yuen Estate, Fu Shin Estate, Ming Nga Court, Sun Hing Garden, Hong Lok Yuen, Tai Po Centre, Tai Wo Estate, Po Nga Court, Treasure Garden, Fu Heng Estate, Chung Nga Court, Ting Nga Court, Serenity Park, Tai Po Garden, Yee Nga Court, Parc Versailles, Lok Yin Court, Wai Tau Tsuen, Kam Shek San Tsuen, Wang Fuk Court, Kwong Fuk Estate, Uptown Plaza, Wan Tau Tong Estate, Yat Nga Court, King Nga Court, Tak Nga Court, Elegance Garden, Plover Cove Garden, Classical Gardens, Savana Garden, Grand Palisades, The Paragon, Providence Bay, Mayfair By The Sea

二〇〇八年度至二〇一七年度小一入學學位分配概況
Summary of Allocation Results for Primary One Admission 2008 - 2017

學位分配 年度 Year of Allocation	分配學位數目〔百分率〕 No. (%) of Places Allocated		學位分配 總數 Total
	自行分配 Discretionary	統一分配 Central	
2008	22 180 (51.6)	20 794 (48.4)	42 974
2009	20 486 (49.4)	20 978 (50.6)	41 464
2010	20 070 (49.0)	20 848 (51.0)	40 918
2011	20 085 (47.7)	22 003 (52.3)	42 088
2012	20 480 (45.7)	24 352 (54.3)	44 832
2013	21 230 (43.4)	27 676 (56.6)	48 906
2014	21 868 (42.9)	29 124 (57.1)	50 992
2015	22 154 (43.8)	28 483 (56.2)	50 637
2016	22 504 (43.5)	29 243 (56.5)	51 747
2017	23 645 (42.3)	32 235 (57.7)	55 880