# Po Kok Secondary School S.1 Integrated Science

Chapter 1	Introducing	g Science	
Science Inves	tigation –	Flame of Bunsen Burner	

Name	:	( )
Class	: S.1	
Date	:	

### **Objective:**

Develop students' ability to use the scientific method and improve their problem solving skills

#### 1. Introduction

This is a Bunsen Burner. It has an <b>air hole</b> on it, which is controlled by a	and

the air hole should be closed before you turn on the Bunsen Burner. Why should it be closed?

When the Bunsen Burner is turned on, you can use the\_\_\_\_\_\_ to control the size of the air hole. You will observe that the colour of the flame when the air hole is opened and when it is closed are different. So, for which situation do you think the flame temperature is higher? <u>Is it</u> when the air hole is opened or when it is closed?

Now, let's do an Investigation to see if your prediction is correct.

#### 2. Aim

To find out \_\_\_\_\_

### 3. Hypothesis

The Bunsen flame is hotter when the air hole is <u>(opened / closed)</u>

### 4. Experiment Design

#### (A) Design concept:

Use **five minutes** to discuss the design of the experiment with your classmates, then express your concepts in words or pictures.

#### (B) Duty:

Use **one minute** to distribute on the following duty, and fill in the name list below.

Duty	Name of students
Experiment supervisor and time counter	
Instrument Manager(s)	
Experiment technicians	
Recorder and reporter	

### (C) Apparatus & Material:

You have **five minutes to** put a tick  $\llbracket \checkmark_{\square}$  in the box if you need the equipment and material. *(If you need to, refer to your science text book 1A)* 

250cm <sup>3</sup> beaker	a dropper	a Match or lighter	a Bunsen burner
a meter ruler	A stop watch	A cylinder	a conical flask
A heat-proof mat	A glass rod	A tripod	A wire gauze
a watch glass	A stand and clamp	a filter funnel	A thermometer

### (D) Variables ("3Cs" of a fair test):

Variable to be	The variables that are studied in the experiment.
changed:	(only one in each experiment)
Variable(s) to be	The variable(s) that should remain the same within the whole experiment.
kept constant:	(e.g. same temperature, same weight, same volume.)
The variable to	The variable(s) that are being measured in the experiment.
compare:	(e.g. temperature, weight, volume.)

Here are the variables in the investigation, put them in the table below.

- The state of the air hole (Open / Close)
- Size and shape of the beaker
- Volume of the water
- Time for water heating
- Changes in water temperature

Variables to be kept <u>constant</u> (Control Variable)	Variable to be <u>changed</u> (Independent Variable)	What to <u>compare</u> (Dependent Variable)

### (E) Procedure:

According to your design concept in **Part A**, in **ten minutes**, draw your setup with the experimental devices and complete the steps of your experiment.

- 1. Set up the instrument according to the diagram.
- 2. Pour  $100 \text{ cm}^3$  of

water

\_\_\_\_\_ and put the beaker of water on the wire gauze.

- 3. Measure the temperature of water before turning on the Bunsen burner  $(T_1)$ .
- 4. *Turn*\_\_\_\_\_\_to close the air

hole.

5. Put the tip of the gas lighter over the chimney.

\_\_\_\_\_ and press to ignite 6. Turn on \_\_\_\_

the gas lighter.

7. Heat up the water for 5 minutes.

8. Measure the temperature of water of the result in the

### table of Part H.

9. Turn off the gas tap after use.

10. Repeat steps 1 to 9, but have to \_\_\_\_\_\_ the air hole of Bunsen

burner.

### (F) Safety Precautions:

Use two minutes to complete the safety precautions in this experiment.

- i) Wear \_\_\_\_\_.
- ii) Do not touch \_\_\_\_\_\_ after heating.iii) When heating, the volume of water \_\_\_\_\_\_, otherwise it is
  - easy to splash when boiling.

# Let your teacher check your experiment design first, and then, after it has been approved, carry out the experiment.

### (G) Experiment:

Now you have **20 minutes** for your experiment.

Teacher's approval:\_\_\_\_\_

## (H) Result:

Carry out the experiment and fill in the results in the following table:

	$T_{\ell}$	$T_{c}(^{\circ}C)$	Increase in water
			temperature( $^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$ )
Air hole is opened			
Air hole is closed			

# (I) Conclusion:

When the air hole is	_, the increase in water temperature is		so, the
Bunsen flame is hotter when the _		·	

### (J) Discussion:

1. What other methods are possible to compare Bunsen Burner's flame temperature when the air hole is opened and closed?

End



INTEGRATED SCIENCE

# **MY STUDY JOURNEY**

# **Chapter 1 Topic : Introducing Science**

Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_( )

## A. Self-assessment

After you finished this chapter, do you understand the content of the chapter? Scan through your textbook and put a " $\checkmark$ " in the appropriate box to indicate your understanding of the content. (5 represents the highest level of understanding.)

Chapter	Contents	Lev	Level of understanding				
		Do not			Fully understand		
		1	2	3	4	5	
1.1 What is science	How do scientists work (p.4-5)						
	Great scientists and their contributions (p. 6-7)						
	Branches of science (p. 8)						
	Science improves our quality of life (p. 9)						
	Limitations of science (P.10)						
	Does science always bring us good? (P.10-11)						
1.2 The science laboratory	Knowing your laboratory (P.12)						
	Laboratory safety rules (P.13)						
	Hazard warning labels (P.15)						
	Laboratory first aid (P. 17-18)						
	Common laboratory apparatus (P.19-20)						
	Sectional diagrams of apparatus (P.21-22)						
1.3 Basic experimental	Heating (P.23-28)						
skills	Transferring solutions (P.29-30)						
	Mixing solutions (P.31-33)						
1.4 Making measurements	Measuring temperatures (P.34)						
	Measuring time (P.37-38)						
	Measuring lengths (P.39-40)						
	Measuring volumes (P.41-43)						
	Measuring weight (P.44-46)						
1.5 Simple scientific	Conducting a simple scientific investigation (P.48)						
investigation	Fair test (P. 50-53)						
	Example of a scientific investigation (P.53-57)						

### **B.** Reflection

After finishing this chapter, what have you learnt? Express what you learnt either in words or in pictures in the space on the next page.

# C. Draw an diagram of this topic

- Write down the topic of this chapter in the center of the space below.
  Branch out the related main points from the center.
  Use arrows to link the related branch.

# **D.** Feedback from my teacher: