

Name: _____
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S. _____

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Stop 1 Yung Shue Wan Main Street

Part 1 Rubbish - what's the solution?

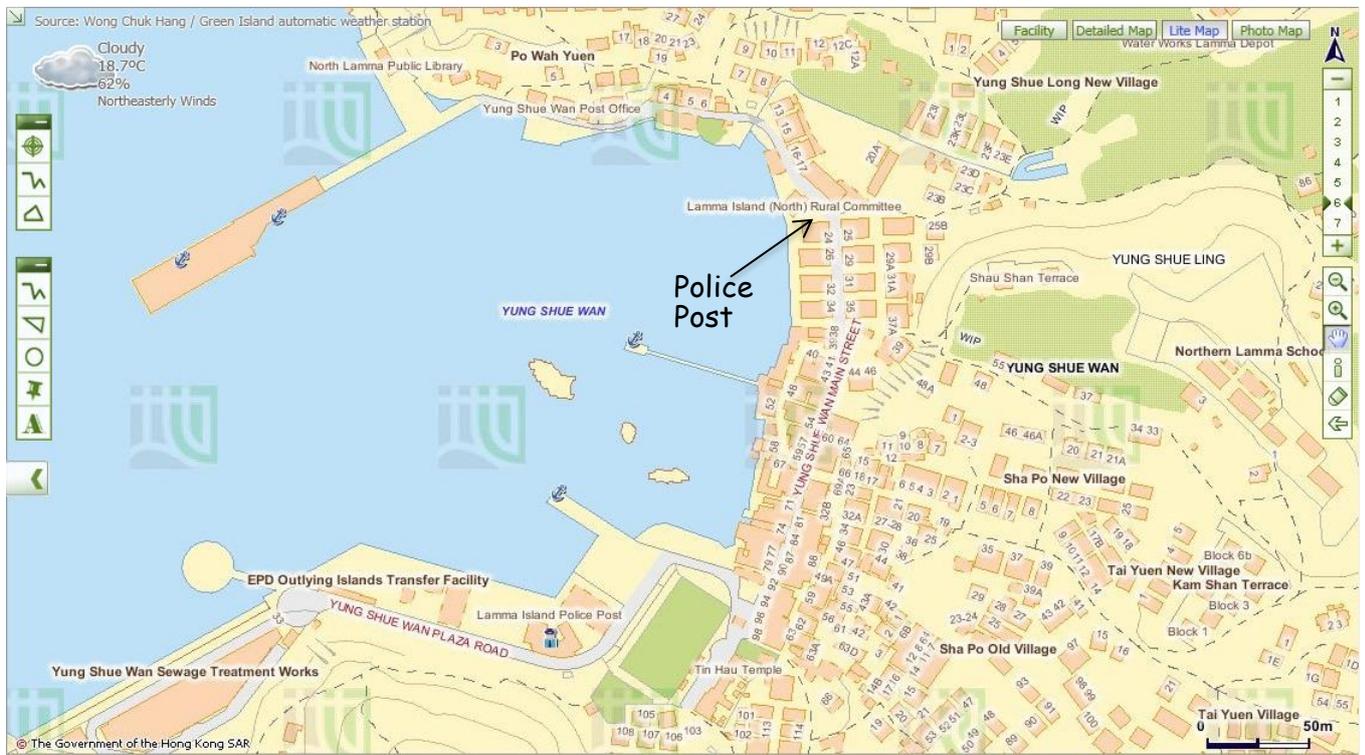
1. What sustainable method is used to deal with waste in Yung Shue Wan?

2. List three benefits of using the method mentioned in Question 1.

3. Work in groups and walk along the main street. Find out the collection points for recyclable materials. On the map below (Figure 1), mark and label the area where they are for each of the following products with corresponding letters.

- (a) Paper
- (b) Plastics
- (c) Metals
- (d) Glass bottles
- (e) Rechargeable batteries
- (f) Clothes
- (g) Small electrical appliances

Figure 1



Map from Lands Department

4. Discuss with your group members whether the waste separation and recycling scheme is successful. Give evidence to support your answer.

5. Suggest two ways to improve the scheme so that more people, including visitors use it more often.

6. Compare the collection points for recyclable materials in Yung Shue Wan Street with those near your school or living area.

Part 2 Closed loop recycling - what is it?

Visit 'Lamma Corner'.

1. Through observations and interview, what are the differences between Lamma Corner and other shops in your living area in terms of the products sold? Give evidence to support your answer.

2. The closed loop recycling is practised on Lamma Island.

Pre-trip Task:

Search for information on closed loop recycling. Draw the logo below and explain the three processes involved.

(a) How can this closed loop recycling help combat climate change?

(b) Do you think that all recyclable materials collected can enter the loop of recycling? Why?

(c) Do you think all the recyclable materials are recycled locally in Hong Kong? Why?

3. Do you think recycling is a good way to combat climate change? Why? What else can we do to combat climate change?

Part 3 Eco shopping

Work in groups and walk along the street.

1. Go to one of the green shops and select two types of packaged food that you think they are environmental-friendly. Complete the following table based on the information on their labels.

	Food A	Food B
(a) Name of food		
(b) Is the food homemade? If not, where is it produced?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If no, <input type="checkbox"/> Hong Kong <input type="checkbox"/> The Mainland <input type="checkbox"/> Other countries	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If no, <input type="checkbox"/> Hong Kong <input type="checkbox"/> The Mainland <input type="checkbox"/> Other countries
(c) Is the food made from organic farms?		
(d) Number of ingredients		
(e) Do the ingredients come from plants or animals? Give two examples.	<input type="checkbox"/> Plants <input type="checkbox"/> Animals <input type="checkbox"/> Both Examples: _____ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Plants <input type="checkbox"/> Animals <input type="checkbox"/> Both Examples: _____ _____
(f) What is/are the packaging material(s)?	<input type="checkbox"/> plastic bag <input type="checkbox"/> paper <input type="checkbox"/> others _____	<input type="checkbox"/> plastic bag <input type="checkbox"/> paper <input type="checkbox"/> others: _____

2. Which food would you like to buy in order to reduce more carbon emission? Give three reasons to support your answers.

3. After this activity, will you change your shopping habits? Why?

Stop 2 A Local Farm

1. Work in groups. Observe the operation of this farm and interview the farmer. Complete the following table.

Questions	Answers
(a) How to improve soil quality?	<input type="checkbox"/> using chemical fertiliser <input type="checkbox"/> using compost <input type="checkbox"/> covering soil with mulches <input type="checkbox"/> crop rotation <input type="checkbox"/> fallowing <input type="checkbox"/> agroforestry: trees are grown with crops <input type="checkbox"/> others _____
(b) How to avoid pest?	<input type="checkbox"/> using chemical pesticide <input type="checkbox"/> using CD-ROMs <input type="checkbox"/> using plastic balls <input type="checkbox"/> growing different types of crops <input type="checkbox"/> crop rotation <input type="checkbox"/> growing companion crops <input type="checkbox"/> using insect trap <input type="checkbox"/> others _____
(c) How to use water resource?	<input type="checkbox"/> constructing wells <input type="checkbox"/> building water tanks or ponds <input type="checkbox"/> covering soil with organic matter <input type="checkbox"/> using drip irrigation <input type="checkbox"/> others _____
(b) What tools are used for farming?	<input type="checkbox"/> using simple tools, e.g. _____ <input type="checkbox"/> using machines, e.g. _____
(e) What is the useful output?	<input type="checkbox"/> crops, e.g. _____ <input type="checkbox"/> animal products, e.g. _____

2. Do you think this way of operation of farm can reduce carbon emissions? Give reasons.

	Can it help to reduce carbon emission? Put '✓' or 'x'	If yes, how can this help to reduce carbon emission?
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(a) Way of improving soil quality		
(b) Way of avoiding pest		
(c) Way of using water resource		
(d) Tools used for farming		
(e) Type of output		

3. Would you like to buy agricultural produce grown in this type of farm for reducing climate change? Give reasons to support your answers.

Stop 3 Viewing at Lamma Power Station

Pre-trip Task:

Write the letters in the space provided to show the components of power station in Figure 2. You may browse the following website to complete this task.

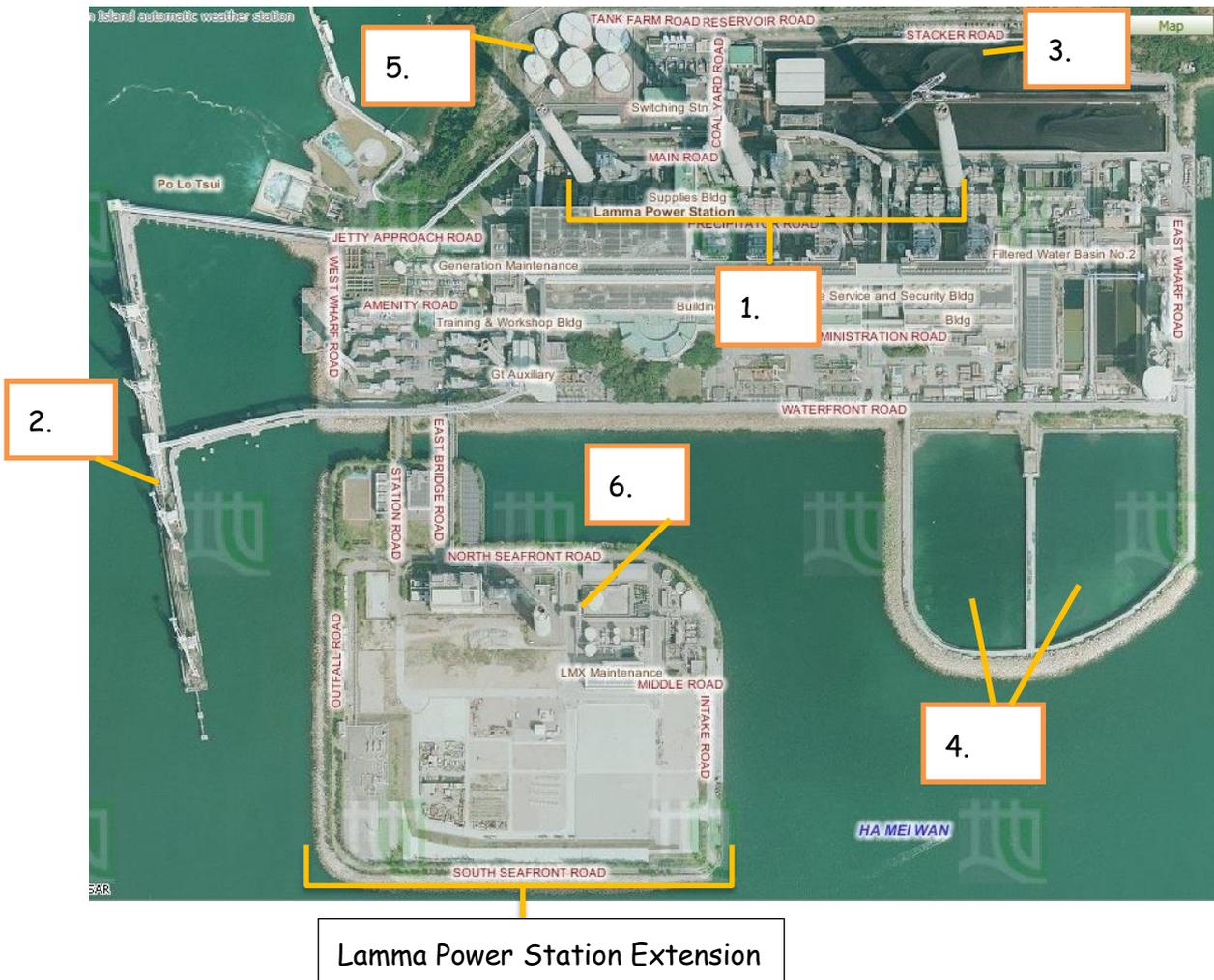
The Power behind Hong Kong--Lamma Power Station:

Source: HK Electric

https://www.hkelectric.com/en/MediaResources/Documents/LPS_2014.pdf

(a) Coal-fired Generating Units	(b) Gas-fired Combined-cycle Generating Units	(c) Oil-fired Generating Units
(d) Coal Yard	(e) Ash Lagoon	(f) Transport jetty

Figure 2 Components of Power Station



Aerial Photos from Lands Department

1. Observe the power station. Describe and explain the locational advantages of the power station.

Locational characteristics	Reasons
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

2. Figure 3 shows the amount of air pollutants emitted from coal-fired and gas-fired generating units respectively when the total electricity generation in the year 2012 would increase by 2.57 times compared with that in 1990.

Figure 3 Amount of Air Pollutants Emitted from the Coal-fired and Gas-fired Units



Source: Environmental Protection Department, HKSAR Government

http://www.epd.gov.hk/eia/operation/english/chapter05_4.html

- (a) How does the power station affect our environment?

(b) More generating units will be built to generate more electricity in future.
Explain why.

(c) Which kind of fossil fuels should be more widely used in the new generating units? Explain why.

(d) Do you think that using a mixture of different types of fossil fuels only can help minimise climate change in future? Why?

Stop 4 Lamma Winds

Part 1 Is the use of renewable energy a way out in Hong Kong?

Pre-trip Task:

Collect the following data at night from the website of HK Electric below before the field trip:

Source: HK Electric

<https://www.hkelectric.com/en/our-operations/lamma-wind-power-station/real-time-operation>

	Before the field trip (collect from website after 9:30 pm)	During the field trip (collect at Lamma Winds)
Date & time	_____ _____	_____ _____
Present wind speed	_____m/s	_____m/s
Present power output	_____kW	_____kW
Cumulative electricity generated	_____kWh	_____MWh
Amount of carbon dioxide (CO) ₂ saved	_____kg	_____tonnes

Remarks: The units of cumulative electricity generated and amount of carbon dioxide saved shown on HK Electric's website are different from those shown at the tower base of the wind turbine.

1.(a) Collect the data at the tower base of the wind turbine and complete the above table.

(b) What is the relationship between wind speed and power output?

(c) Explain why this wind turbine cannot be designed to produce a lot of electricity.

(d) By observation, list the environmental problem(s) caused by the wind turbine.

2. Table 4 shows the capacity of the Lamma Power Station.

Table 4 Capacity of the Lamma Power Station in 2013

	Number of units	Capacity of each unit (MW)	Total capacity (MW)
Coal-fired Generating units	3	250	750
	5	350	1750
Oil-fired Generating Units	4	125	500
	1	55	55
Gas-fired Combined-cycle Generating Units	1	335	335
	1	345	345
Solar Power System			1
Lamma Winds			0.8
Total			3736.8

Source: HK Electric

https://www.hkelectric.com/en/MediaResources/Documents/LPS_2014.pdf

(a) Compare the capacity of electricity generated by fossil fuels and renewable energy.

(b) What are the limitations of developing renewable energy in Hong Kong?

Limitations	Explanation
Cost	<hr/> <hr/>
Space	<hr/> <hr/>

Stability of power generation	_____
Amount of power generated	_____
Others	_____

3. Should different types of renewable energy, particularly solar energy and wind energy, be further developed in Hong Kong?

Each group will be assigned one of the following roles. Study the exhibition board and collect the information from the exhibition panels for discussion.

Role	Tasks
Government	Discuss why different types of renewable energy should be further developed in relation to existing environmental problems
Spokesman from a power company	Discuss whether the development of different types of renewable energy is cost-effective
Environmentalist	Discuss the negative impact of the development of different types of renewable energy on the environment
Urban planner	Discuss the problems in the selection of suitable sites for the development of different types of renewable energy
Spokesman from Department of energy	Discuss whether different types of renewable energy can give abundant and reliable energy supply in Hong Kong and their energy efficiency

Your role: _____

Your opinion: _____

4. The use of technical measures, like fuel mix and renewable energy, seems not to be the most sustainable way to combat climate change caused by power station. Then what else can we do to solve this problem? Suggest two ways and explain your

reasons.

Part 2 Putting 'waste' into use

1. (a) What material is used to make the bricks in the footpath? Where does this material come from?

- (b) How can this way of using this material reduce carbon emission?

Stop 5 Hung Shing Yeh Beach Tree Planting Site

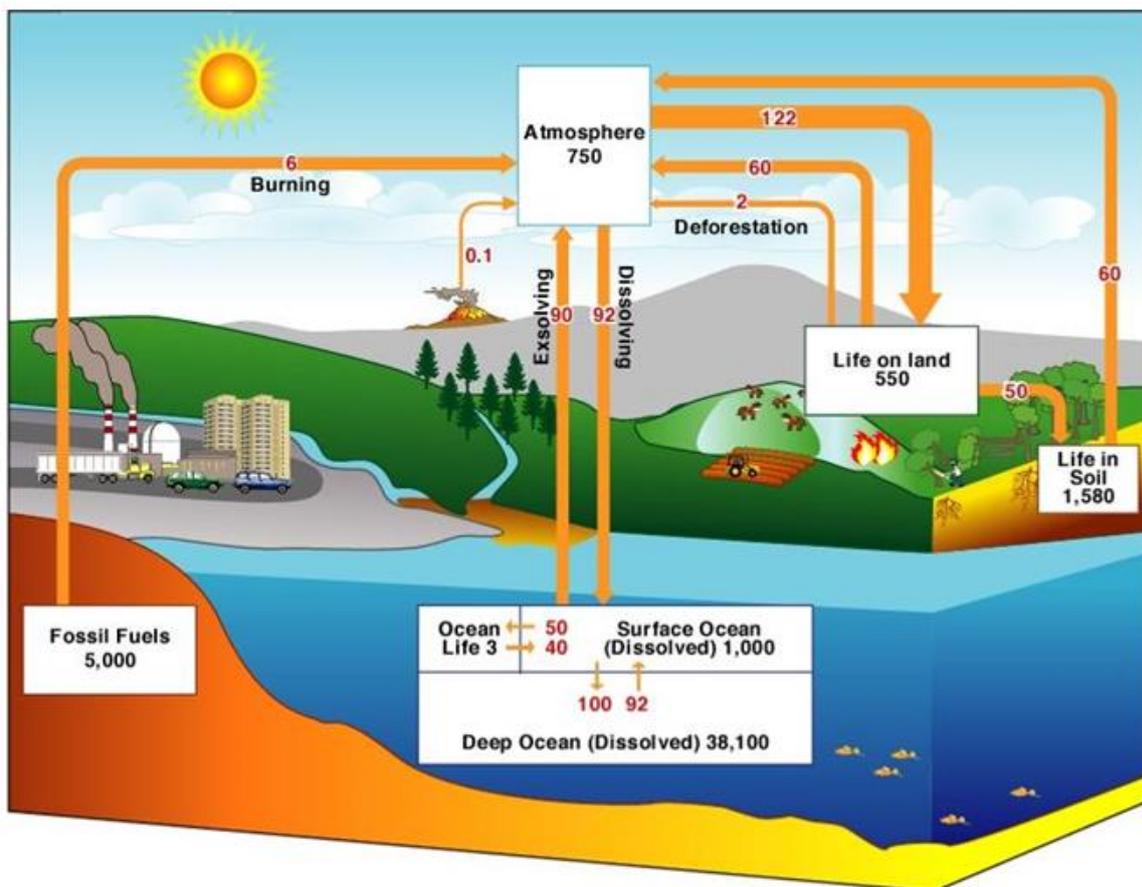
1. Read the information from the interpretive plate. What are the two types of trees? Give one example of each type of trees.

Type	Example

2. How can the planting of trees help reduce climate change?

3. Figure 5 shows the carbon cycle. Study the figure and answer the question.

Figure 5 Carbon Cycle



Remarks: It is a simplified version of the carbon cycle. The figures are in gigatonnes (1000 million tonnes). The figures in black are estimates of the total mass of carbon (worldwide) in the different spheres. The figures in red are the

estimated flows of carbon between spheres.

Source: *Climate Change - A Cross-curricular Learning and Teaching Resources Pack*,
Education Bureau

(a) How do human activities affect the balance of carbon dioxide in the air?

(b) Apart from planting of trees, what else can we do to help reduce climate change?
Suggest two methods.

Stop 6 The Home Farm

At Lo So Shing Village, observe the activity held outside the village houses.

1. What agricultural produce is grown from the farm?

2. Do you think that the produce is for self-consumption only? Give reason to support your answer.

3. How can the growing of our own food help reduce carbon emission in Hong Kong?

4. Could you grow your own food at home? Why or why not?

5. What else can we do for food supply to reduce climate change?

Stop 7 Mudflat

1. What are the characteristics of mudflat?

(a) What is its relief? _____

(b) What is made up of the mudflat? _____

(c) Does the depth of water vary from time to time? _____

2. What kinds of living organisms live in the mudflat?

	Examples
Plants	
Wetland Animals	

3. What does Mudflat provide for these living organisms?

4. How will climate change affect the living organisms in the mudflat?

5. What should you do to protect these living organisms in our daily life?

Discussion

Discuss the following questions with your group members.

1. What are the new opportunities of climate change?

2. "We do not have to combat climate change as the nature is able to resume equilibrium itself". Do you agree? Why?
