

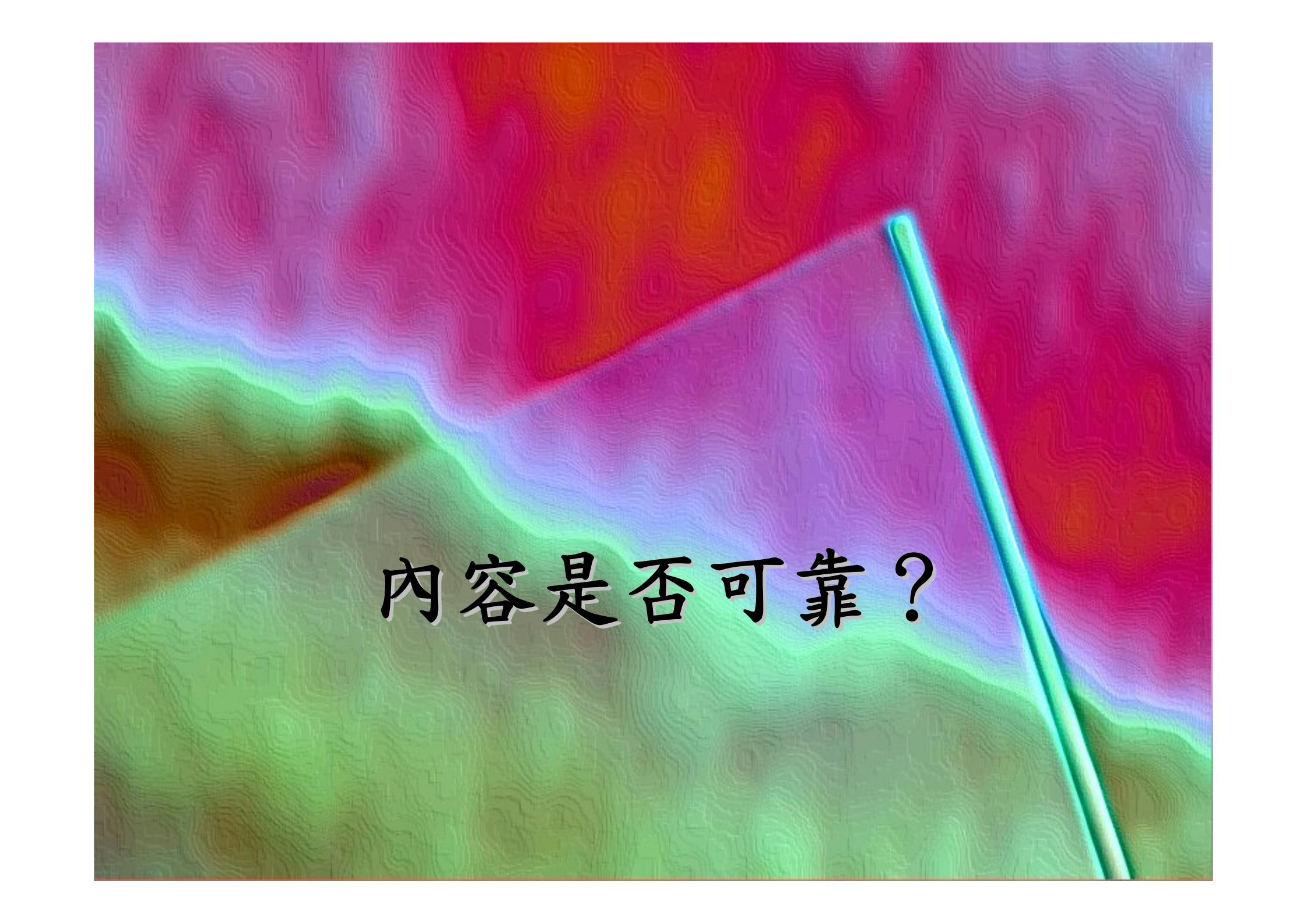
從閱讀中學習數學研討會

數學教育組

2007

程序

1. 簡介
2. 從閱讀中學習數學—經驗分享（一）
蕭煜祥先生
3. 小息
4. 從閱讀中學習數學—經驗分享（二）
文耀光博士
5. 在學校推動數學閱讀計畫的分享
章潔玲女士
6. 討論



內容是否可靠？

從費瑪大定理的初等證明說起（上）

- **Infinity or Not?
An Arithmetical Satire**

by Valery Chalidze

Universal Publishers

Gödel's incompleteness theorems

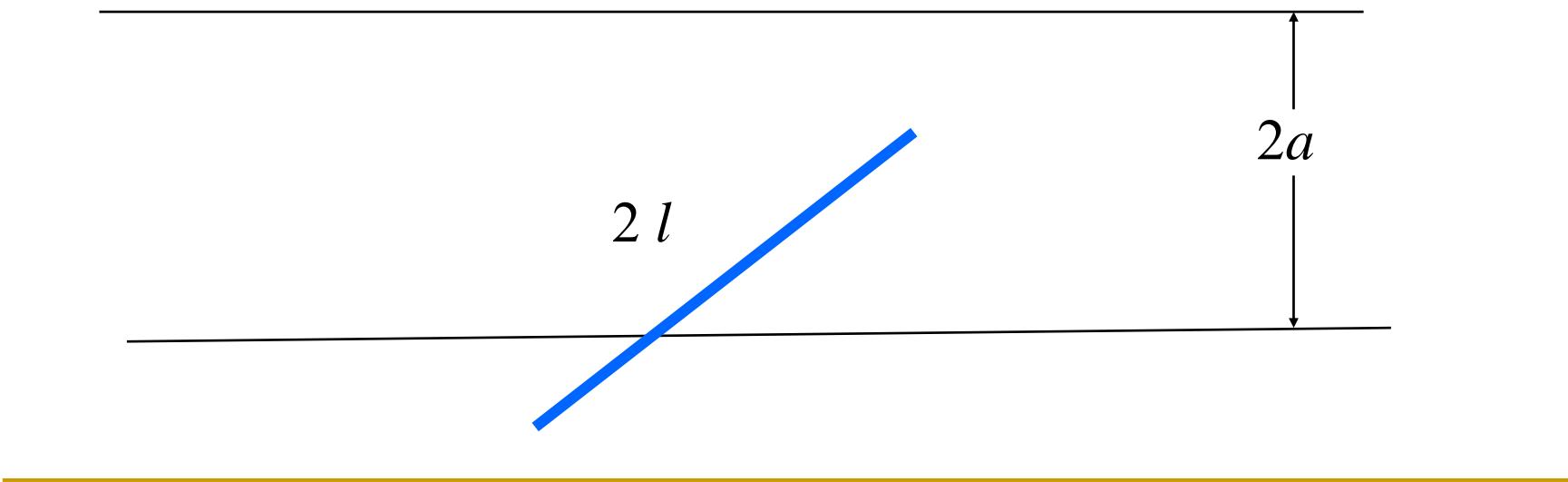
哥德爾不完全定理

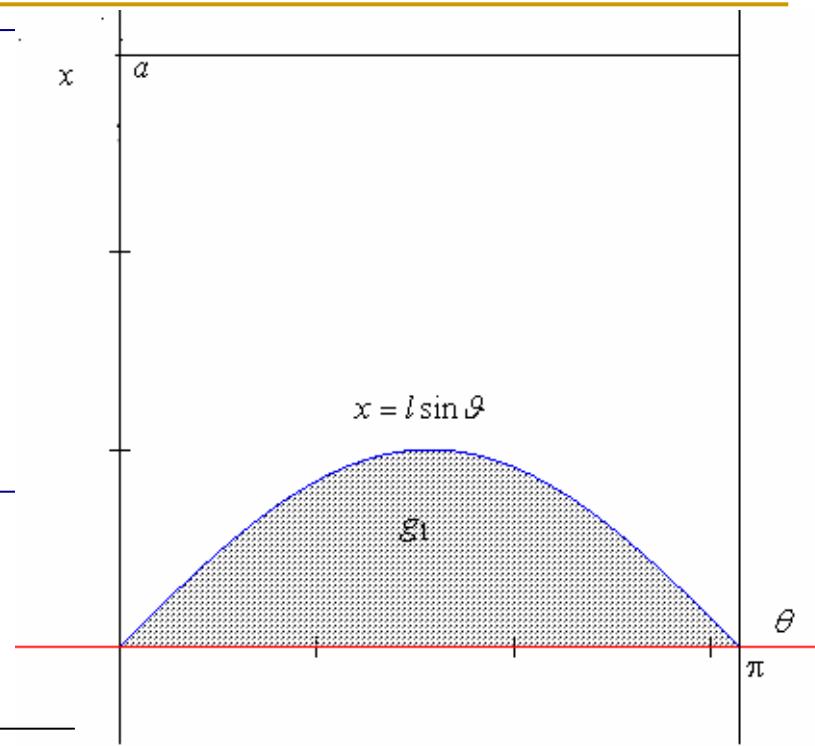
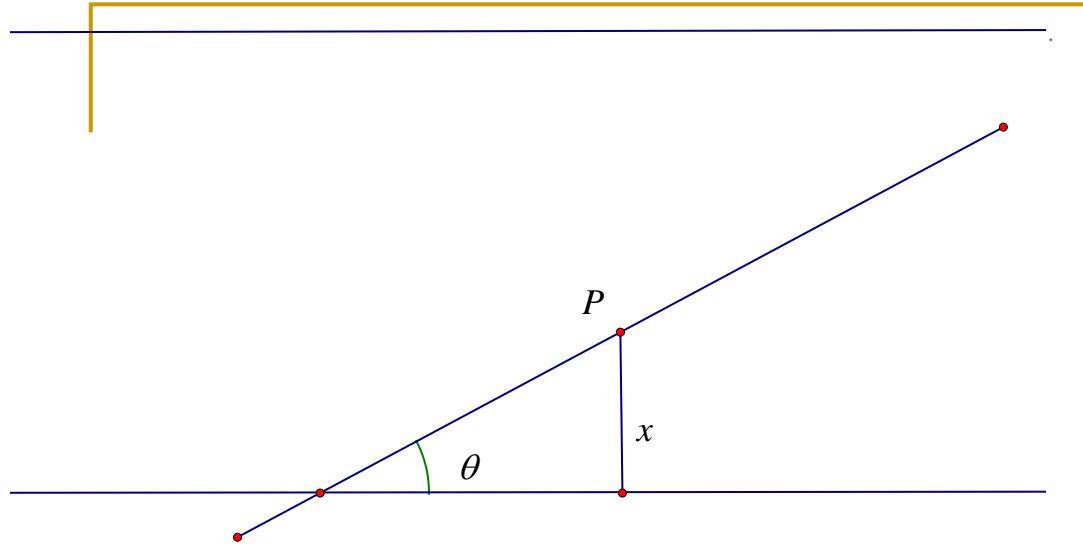
任何一個公理系統中，都必定存在一個語句 A ，無論 A 或 $\sim A$ 都不能在這個系統中獲得證明。

任何一個足以容納數論的形式公理系統中，都必定存在一個語句 A ，無論 A 或 $\sim A$ 都不能在這個系統中獲得證明。

蒲豐投針問題 (Buffon's needle problem)

$$\frac{2l}{\pi a} ? \quad \frac{l}{2a} ? \quad \frac{\pi l}{4a} ?$$

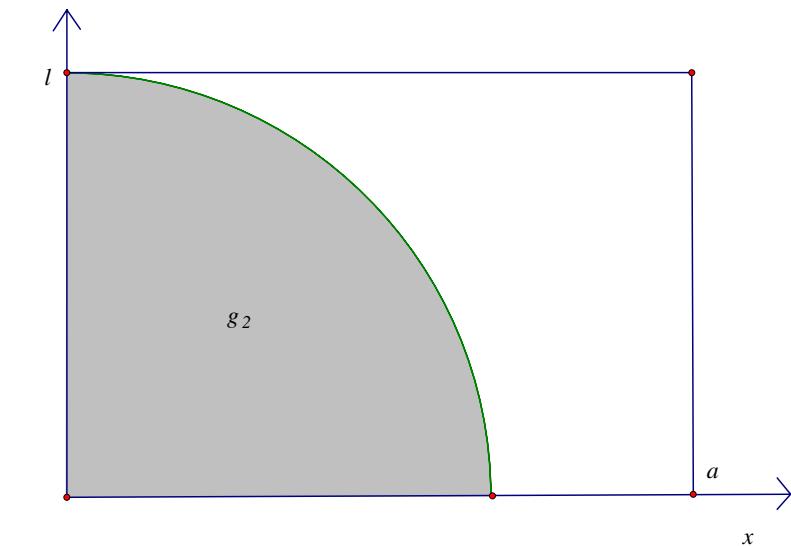
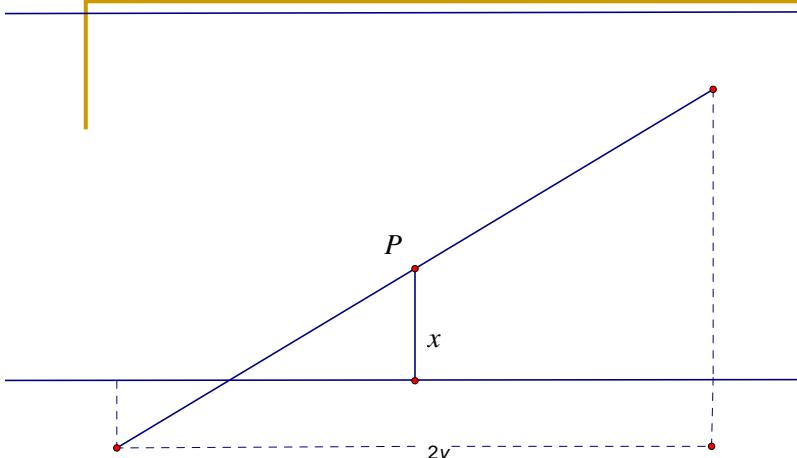




$$\frac{\text{Area of } g_1}{\text{Area of the rectangle bounded by } 0 \leq x \leq a \text{ and } 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi}$$

$$= \frac{\int_0^\pi l \sin \theta d\theta}{a\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2l}{\pi a}$$

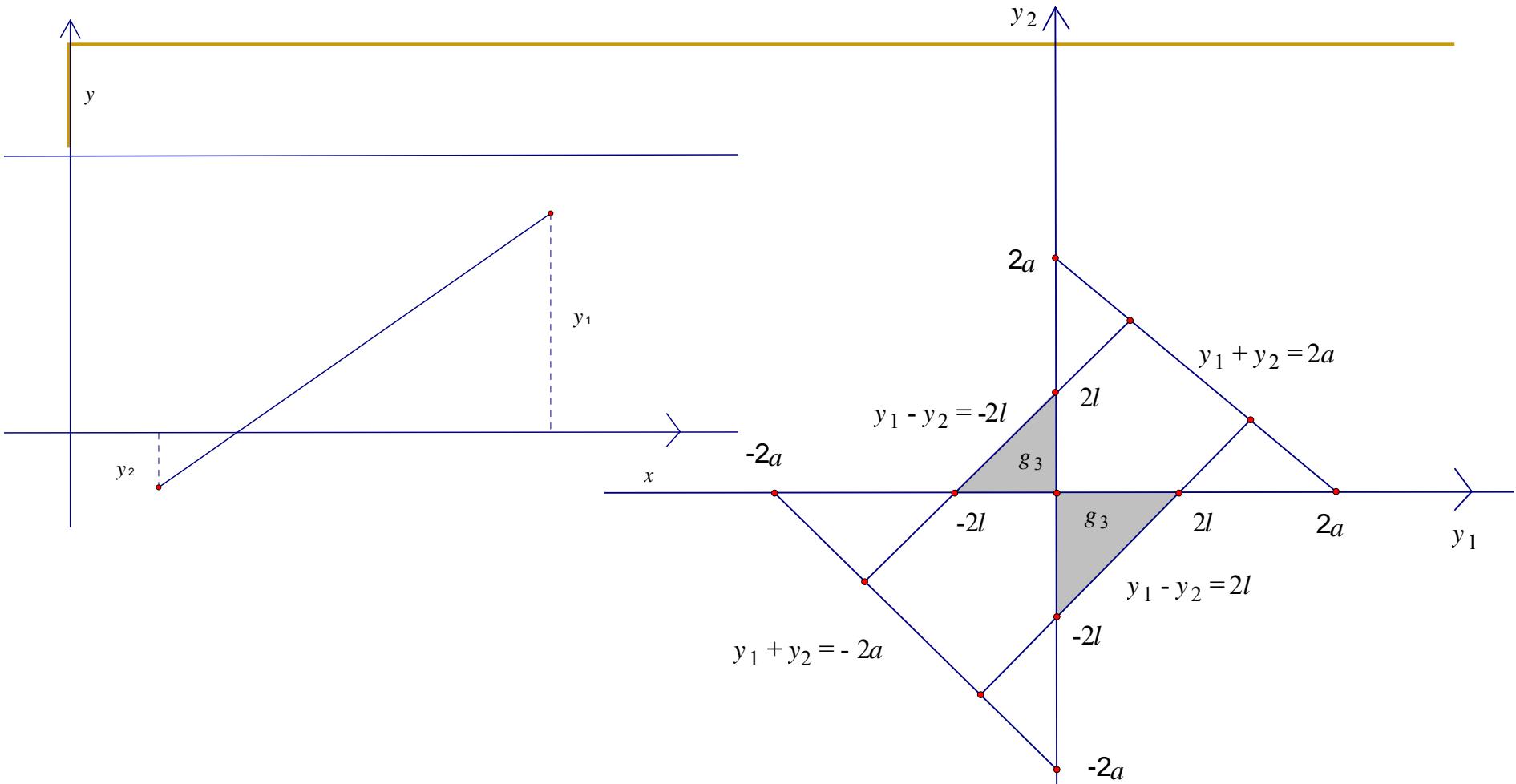


The area of the shaded region g_2

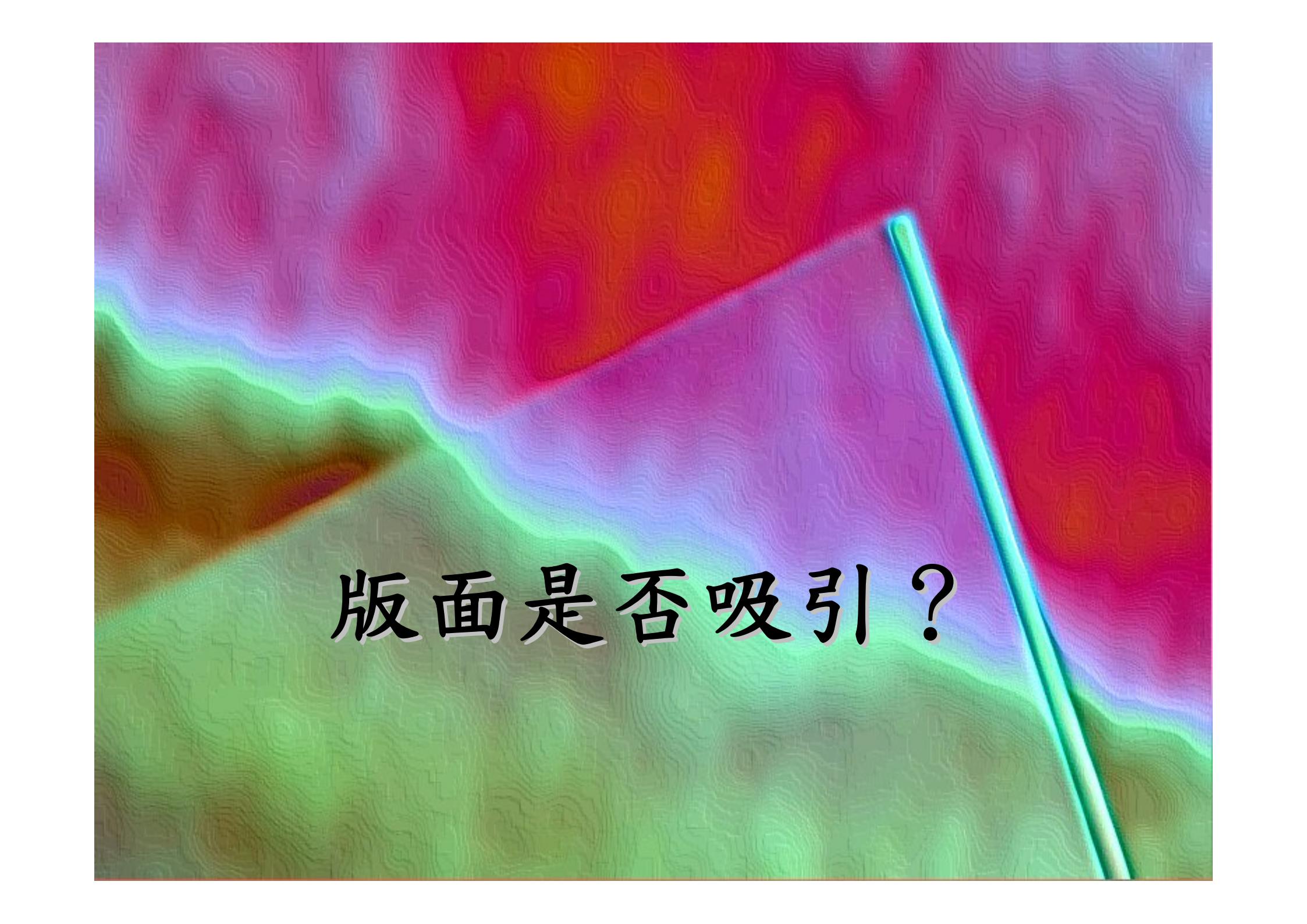
The area of the rectangle bounded by $0 \leq x \leq a$ and $0 \leq y \leq l$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{4}\pi l^2}{la}$$

$$= \frac{\pi l}{4a}$$



$$\frac{\text{The area of the shaded region } g_3}{\text{The area of the rectangle bounded by } |y_1 - y_2| = 2l \text{ and } |y_1 + y_2| = 2a} = \frac{4l^2}{2\sqrt{2a} \times 2\sqrt{2l}} = \frac{l}{2a}$$

The background of the image features abstract, wavy bands of color. On the left, there are green and blue bands. On the right, there are red and orange bands. A prominent feature is a diagonal line running from the top right towards the bottom left, composed of a series of small, overlapping colored rectangles. The colors along this line transition from light blue at the top to dark red at the bottom.

版面是否吸引？

歐氏幾何

The thirteen books of
The Elements

Thomas L .Heath
Dover

Dana Densmore
(Ed.) 2002

Green Lion
Press



The bones: A handy,
where-to-find-it pocket
reference companion to
Euclid's Elements

13 卷視圖全本幾何原本

燕曉東編譯 2005 年

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經驗分享