## 2014/15 第十屆香港小學數學創意解難比賽 決賽 - 解難實驗

## 2014/15The 10<sup>th</sup> HK Mathematics Creative Problem Solving Competition for Primary School (Final – Problem Investigation)

## 1.

	1m	3m	5m
Weight of the wire	15g	3*15 = 45g	5*15 = 75g
電線重量		[1A]	[1A]

## 2.

	1m	3m	5m
Weight of the	$50/5^2 = 2kg$	$50/(5/3)^2 = 18kg$	50kg
triangular plank	[1A]	[1A]	
三角木板的重量			

3.

	10 cm	20 cm	30 cm
	20 cm	40 cm	60 cm
	30cm	60 cm	90 cm
Weight of the cuboid 長方體的重量	8/2^3 = 1kg [1A]	8kg	8*(3/2)^3 = 27kg [1A]

4.

The relationship between weight and size
重量和大小的關係
Weight is proportional to the length
[1A]
Weight is proportional to the square of length
[1A]
Weight is proportional to the cube of length
[1A]

	3.5m tall Asian elephant         3.5m 高的亞洲象	新 tall African elephant 4m 高的非洲象
Weight of the	4700kg	$4700*(4/3.5)^3 = 7016kg$
elephant	Č	[1A+2M]
大象的重量		

- 6. 4 times [2A]
- 7. 9 times [2A]
- 8. 4 times [2A]
- 9.



5.

<ol> <li>Split the branch in to two equal branches of half the original length asymmetrically; say 10o and 20o from the line of original branch.</li> <li>Repeat the 1 for each newly generated branch.</li> <li>[2A+1A(for clear presentation)]</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Split the branch in to two unequal branches of shorter length. But the orientation is assigned alternatively.</li> <li>Repeat the 1 for each newly generated branch. [2A+1A(for clear presentation)]</li> </ol>



11. Consider 5.0/1.6 = 3.125 ≈ 3, the weight ratio = 183/14.3 = 12.8 Notice 15/5.0 = 3, the weight ratio M/183 ≈ 12.8, ∴M = 2342kg
[2A+2M]