Handling Bullying and Following up

Immediate Intervention:

- 1. In case of a bullying incident, teachers must arrive at the scene as soon as possible to stop bullying. The following actions should be taken where necessary:
- Enlist the help of other teachers or students immediately
- Send the injured students to hospital for medical treatment
- Conduct preliminary investigations with the students at the scene and record the incident immediately
- Inform the school
- Inform the parents concerned
- Consult School Liaison Officer of the Hong Kong Police Force
- 2. Teachers should interview the students involved, including the bullies, the victims and the bystanders, on the day when bullying occurs to get a clear picture of the incident so that measures could be mapped out to prevent recurrence. For interview skills with students, please refer to "Improvement through Taking Responsibility" Approach.
- 3. Teachers should meet the parents of the bullies and the victims separately at an appropriate time. The following points should be noted:
- Make good preparation before the interview, including preparing an interview outline and relevant information
- Explain to the parents that the purpose of the meeting is to show concern for the students, understand the incident and collaborate to find ways in tackling the problem
- Focus the discussion on the bullying incident
- State the school's concern to parents and stress that bullying will not be tolerated
- Tell the parents only the known facts before everything is clear. It is not advisable to give any personal assumption or judgment
- Relate the whole incident objectively and sensibly; avoid using subjective expressions
- Discuss with the parents safety measures, such as changing the route or escorting their child to and from school, if the safety of the student is under threat
- Analyse carefully the incident, balance the views of different parties and consider the position of the school before telling the parents the proposed punishment
- Seek cooperation from the parents to reach consensus in handling the incident
- Note carefully the parents' emotional reactions. If they are too agitated, let them

- calm down before getting on with the discussion
- Never disclose to the parents information of other students or arrange the parents to meet or contact other students
- Record the main points of the interview for future reference and action
- Consider referring the case to guidance professionals if the parents need additional support in emotion management or parenting